

**Around The Corner  
From Anywhere**

**DRINK Coca-Cola**

For the Proprietor of  
HONGKONG TELEGRAPH  
For and on behalf of  
SOUTH CHINA MORNING POST, LTD.  
*W. J. M. ...*  
Editor and Publisher

# The Hongkong Telegraph

Dine  
At the  
**P.G.**  
For  
Reservations  
Tel: 27880

VOL. V NO. 209

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1950.

Price 20 Cents

## GRAPHIC EYE-WITNESS STORY OF CLASH IN MASAN ZONE

(By Lionel Crane, "Daily Express" Correspondent)

Masan, Sept. 3.

After the vicious attacks on the southern front held by the American 25th Division they have a new name for the road between Masan and Chinju. They now call it "Death Alley."

Every car and truck moving up to the front today passed under a tunnel of cross fire from the surrounding hills. Red troops left over from the attack are all along the road behind our lines.

### Narriman

### Steals

### Quietly Away

Geneva, Sept. 3.  
Narriman Sadek slipped unobtrusively out of her lake-side hotel here today and, according to reports, she was going to the French port of Aix-la-Bains to meet her reputed fiancé, King Farouk of Egypt.  
Reports that the King had arrived at the resort last night also could not be immediately confirmed.

Miss Sadek left the Geneva hotel where she has been on holiday, accompanied by her uncle, Major Mustapha Sadek, the Egyptian Minister to Rome, Azad Badre, and his wife. The three have been here since her arrival in Europe. The party stole out of the hotel by a side entrance and walked around the buildings to where the Minister's black Italian sedan was waiting. They drove off in the direction of France. The 17-year-old Miss Sadek was looking her best in a grey suit and matching hat—*Reuter*.

### FEW CONCHYS

London, Sept. 3.  
Conspirators, according to a report in Britain last night, totalled 507 men, about 62 percent of the conscripts, a Labour Ministry report disclosed today—*Reuter*.

### EDITORIAL

## A European Army

DESPITE Mr Attlee's sharp criticism of Mr Churchill, marking their differences of opinion about the adequacy of Britain's defence programme, there can be no gainsaying that the idea of a European Army, Mr Churchill's keener interest, is gaining momentum both in Europe and Britain. It made great strides when the Consultative Assembly of the Council of Europe voted overwhelmingly in favour of its immediate creation. In doing so the Assembly, as the closest approach to a European Parliament, staged a virtual revolt against the Council of Ministers, which, as representatives of the individual Governments, sought to limit the discussions of the Assembly to innocuous topics and was accused by various speakers of a "negative" and even "obstructionist" attitude. But the Assembly acted under the impact of both its own realisation of the growing peril and of the powerful warnings delivered to it by such European authorities as Paul-Henri Spaak, Paul Reynaud, Georges Bidault and others. And there was marked sentiment within the Assembly to go over the heads of the Foreign Ministers straight to national parliaments to get action. At the same time the Assembly's resolution was also a revolt not only against the slow processes of governmental bureaucracies, which, in the words of Mr Churchill, have built up a "pretentious facade" of paper organisations without much substance behind them, but also against the growing defeatist desperation, which seeks escape into the wishful dream of a European "neutrality" that would be tantamount to surrender. Indeed, by taking the stand it did the Assembly forcefully registered its recognition of the inherent ludicrousness of the proposition that 300,000,000 West-European people who are among the most advanced in the world, who possess resources far superior to those of Russia, and who with the aid of the Marshall Plan have done much to repair

the havoc of the last war should now stand in fear of a primitive dictatorship threatening to engulf them. In that respect the Assembly's vote was another demonstration of Europe's reviving will to live, and as such it is more than welcome. But as Mr Churchill warned, to translate that will into action will require more speed and more drastic steps than all Governments have displayed thus far. But the new attitude of all is significant for another reason, and that is that, it envisages the inclusion of Germany in the West-European defence system. In that respect thought today goes beyond the confines of the North Atlantic Pact, which projects a North Atlantic defence organisation without German participation. It marks the growing recognition that Germany is just as essential to European defence as to its economic stability, and that in the view of most authorities Western Europe is indefensible unless Germany "shares its perils and augments its strength." The question that must still be answered is how and to what extent this German participation is to be brought about without creating further dangers. The Germans themselves are none too eager to offer themselves, partly because of resentment against allied measures following their defeat, partly because of fear that any kind of German rearmament would only provoke Soviet aggression unless such rearmament can be carried through under the protection of an adequate Western defence force. Moreover, the destruction of all German industries capable of war material production has postponed even the utilisation of German industrial power for military purposes for at least several years. But where there is a will there should be a way, and the creation within a united Europe of a European army which would be backed by Germany but would also prevent a revival of German military ambitions beyond defence would seem to be one of these ways.

### Peron On Parade



The centenary of the death of the Argentine national hero, General Don Jose de San Martin was celebrated throughout the country. The great military parade through Buenos Aires was led by President Peron on his speckled horse. (London Express Service).

## Hongkong Comes Under Fire From Peking Radio

Tokyo, Sept. 3.

The Chinese Communists have stepped up their propaganda attacks against Britain, while private reports from Peking indicated that members of the British diplomatic mission were getting ready to leave.

Peking radio today broadcast its third anti-British attack within 10 days, following a period of several months during which Britain was never even mentioned.

This apparent change in China's attitude toward Britain coincided with well founded private reports that a number of members of the British diplomatic mission in the Chinese capital have applied for exit permits.

The latest Peking attack against Britain involved alleged "high handed and illegal actions" by the Hongkong authorities against a group of 35 Chinese students, who arrived from the United States a few days ago aboard the President Cleveland en route to Communist China. The students were not permitted to disembark upon arrival, but were escorted direct to the Sino-British border where they crossed into China.

Peking used this incident as a peg for dredging up a whole series of alleged anti-Chinese incidents by the Hongkong authorities. Most of these involved procedures at the border by the Hongkong immigration authorities with respect to Chinese trying to enter the Colony, deportations of Chinese from Hongkong and alleged incursions of Chinese territory by British forces stationed in Hongkong.

Only yesterday the Peking radio attacked Britain's anti-Communist campaign in Malaya, and a week ago General Yeh Chen-ying, accused the British forces in Hongkong of violating the Chinese border.

Latest developments appeared to indicate a change in Sino-British relations. It can be presumed the Peking authorities are not over pleased by the despatch of two British battalions to Korea—*United Press*.

## KOREAN REDS HALTED ON FOUR FLAMING FRONTS

### Counter-Attack With Patton Tanks In Pohang Sector

Tokyo, Sept. 4.

American and South Korean counterattacks stopped the "last gasp" Communist offensives on four flaming battle fronts in Korea today (Monday).

United Nations forces lashed back against the desperate North Korean drives on the Pohang front at the northeast corner of the 120-mile defence perimeter, on the Taegu front at the northwest corner, on the western front along the Nakdong river and on the south coast at the southwest corner.

Planes ranging from B-29 Superfortresses to F-51 Mustang fighters flew through clouds as "thick as soup" on the edge of a dangerous typhoon to rain death on the enemy in close support of the ground forces.

Reinforcements of new Patton tanks were sent into action. Throwing up to 100,000 men into the battle line in their four separate major offensives the North Koreans had made gains up to nearly seven miles on the Pohang front and three and a half miles north of Taegu.

The enemy cut the Pohang-Taegu road and a threat to Taegu seemed to be serious for a while, but General MacArthur announced early today: "Along the northern front two heavy strikes by the enemy, one north of Taegu and the other in the Kijang (Pohang) area failed to produce the desired weak spots in the U.N. line."

Gen. MacArthur said the United Nations troops were counter-attacking to wipe out the Pohang-Taegu roadblock and that on the Taegu front, troops of the First Cavalry Division were counter-attacking to regain the ground they had lost.

### BIG HOLES

Front dispatches indicated that the threat on the Pohang front would be renewed today. After tearing big holes in the United Nations line in the Kijang sector west of Pohang the North Koreans were reported to be bringing troops down the coast in about 200 small boats.

On the western front the Second Infantry Division and First Marine Brigade rolled the Communists back toward the Nakdong river in two sectors. On the southern front where the North Koreans had opened a big drive on Masan and the support port of Pusan, 27-32 miles east of it, the 25th Infantry Division has completely restored the line it held at the start of the enemy drive.

Despite the power and fanaticism of the enemy drives, the steadily growing air of confidence here and at the Eighth Army Headquarters in Korea continued undiminished.

### SO FLUID

The daily General Headquarters "briefing" of correspondents on the front situation

### Only A Friendly Game!

Belgrade, Sept. 3.  
Over 100 students from rival Yugoslav universities fought with "bricks, bottles and sticks" at the end of a football match, the youth newspaper, Omlasina reported today.  
Some were carried off the field injured and unconscious.  
The battle stopped the third annual Yugoslav University Games at Ljubljana, four days before they were due to end.  
—*Reuter*.

### Ex-POWs Begin Drive For Reparation

Sheffield, Sept. 3.  
Representatives of nearly 5,000 former prisoners of war of the Japanese today demanded reparations from the Japanese Government for the meagre food they were given in prison camps.

Holding their first national conference in this country as members of the Fellowship of Ex-Prisoners of War (Far East), they urged themselves to do all possible to make the Japanese Government pay up.

Mr Gilbert Douglas, Chairman of the Glasgow Branch, said that the United States was paying ex-prisoners of the Japanese a dollar for each day they did not get the food to which they were entitled under international regulations, the money coming from liquidated enemy assets.  
"Most of us existed on a pound a day," he said. "We feel we are entitled to some compensation from frozen Japanese assets in this country held by the Government."—*Reuter*.

### Collapse Buries 49 Workers

Tokyo, Sept. 3.  
A railway tunnel caved in burying 49 construction workers alive near Matsuo Mura, 130 miles north of Tokyo today, the Asado news agency reported.

Of the 56 men working in the tunnel only seven escaped.

Successive landslides hampered local police trying to dig out the buried workers and five hours after the accident none had been rescued.

This was the second big landslide disaster on the Japanese railway this summer.

On June 10 a tunnel collapsed at Kumanodaira, about 100 miles north-west of Tokyo. Fifty died in this accident.—*Reuter*.

## Massive Uranium Formation Found In Australia

Darwin, Sept. 3.

What the finders claim is a "massive formation" of uranium has been found on the banks of the Ferguson River, near Katherine, 200 miles south of Darwin, in Australia's barren Northern Territory.

The deposit was found by three residents of Katherine, who bought their own Geiger counter after deciding that the area contained strategic minerals.

They said today that the counter "raced madly" when put near rocks, and they concluded that there was a "massive formation" of uranium ore in the area.

The Mines Director of the Northern Territory told one of the searchers, Sydney Tennyson, a local factory manager, that samples of the rock he

### Strikes Banned In E. Germany

Berlin, Sept. 3.

Strike in East Germany will in future be prohibited, except in "private or Fascist works," according to new labour statutes adopted by the Communist-led Free German Trade Union Federation.

The new statutes, announced today at the end of a five-day Congress here, stated that exploitation "has been eliminated from the people's owned works where labour has become a matter of honour and glory." But exploitation continued in private capitalist industries—*Reuter*.

### Fears For Second Quad

The second of the quads born to Mrs Lau Tai-ki on Wednesday evening at the Kwong Wah Hospital, is reported to be ailing. The third boy died on Saturday night and yesterday morning all the other three had slight fever, but the first boy and the girl (the fourth and the youngest) have been holding their own so far.

The babies are two small to be fed on milk, and are taking glucose water, according to the hospital authorities. Two incubators were brought to the Hospital by Prof. Gordon-King for the use of the quads.

The mother, who had insufficient to eat before the quads were born, is said to be suffering from heart disease.

**A DISPLAY PIECE  
IN ANY HOME!**

**PYE**

**5 VALVE  
8 WAVE BAND  
RADIO**

**GILMANS  
GLOUCESTER ARCADE**



ROXY

BROADWAY Theatre

SHOWING TO-DAY

AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 &amp; 9.30 P.M.

THE YEAR'S MOST OUTSTANDING PICTURE!

THE TRUE STORY OF ONE WOMAN'S PERSONAL EXPERIENCE!

Told the way it happened... Great as the love that lived through it all!



Three Came Home

20. — CLAUDETTE COLBERT

ROXY

NEXT CHANGE WATCH FOR THE OPENING DATE

COLUMBIA PICTURES PRESENTS

"TYRANT OF THE SEA"

Rhys Williams Ron Randell Valentino Perkins Doris Lloyd

KING'S LIBERTY

SHOWING TO-DAY

AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 &amp; 9.30 P.M.



ADDED: LATEST WAR NEWSREELS

LEE Theatre

FINAL SHOWING TO-DAY

FOUR SHOWS AT 2.30, 5.20, 7.30 &amp; 9.30 P.M.



ALAN DONNA LADD-REED "BEYOND GLORY"

ADDED: LATEST PARAMOUNT AND CAUMONT BRITISH NEWS

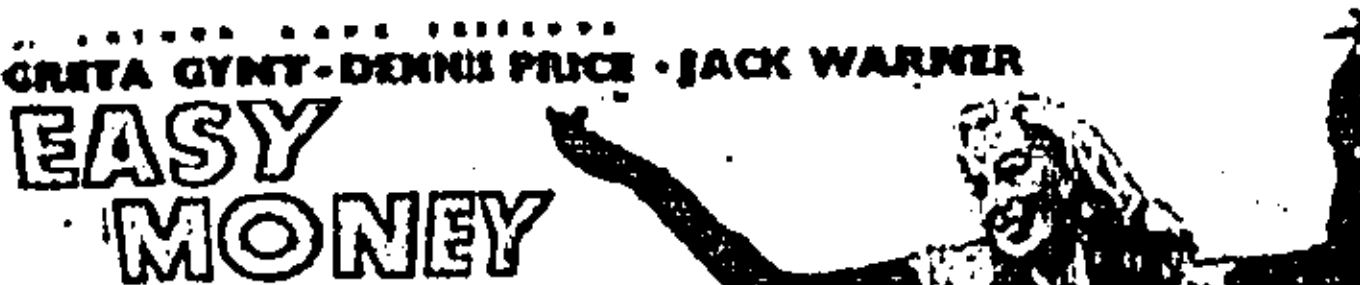
★ TO-MORROW ★

Helen Hayes • Gary Cooper

A FAREWELL TO ARMS

SHOWING TO-DAY MAJESTIC

AT 2.30, 5.20, 7.20 &amp; 9.30 P.M.



ADDED! LATEST KOREAN WAR NEWS

Next Change: "ALL OVER THE TOWN"

☆☆☆

"A dress without a hat is like a stalk without a flower" asserts Ange Thaurup noted milliner to the Queen. In his recent Autumn Collection of hats he deftly combines youthfulness and sophistication which can be seen from the two illustrations on this page.

Left model wears a soft peach-bloom velour hat in Woodland Brown trimmed with petersham to tone. Right model wears a close fitting soft felt hat for autumn in Heron Grey with a lighter grey wool tassel.

It is a pleasant discovery to find that a leading milliner in London has designed a collection of autumn hats for sale in the inexpensive salon of a London shop.

The man with the insight into the pockets of the young woman of today is Mr. Ange Thaurup, the milliner to the Queen and the Princesses. More than this, the collection is especially for Miss Teen and Twenty. She will certainly need little persuasion to wear hats this autumn, once she has seen these—hats which have the right mixture of youthfulness and sophistication. If she is wise, she will remember Mr. Ange Thaurup's advice: "Hats for the young will be little but cheeky. They will have a saucy look about them."

## The Scene

Imagine a large salon of a London store, brightly lit, with light-music playing in the background, and awaiting the arrival of Mr. Thaurup. He enters calm and composed, although the room has been an endless succession of rehearsals, last-minute touches and posing photographs.

From the first, it is clear that the show is not so frivolous. Quality has not been sacrificed for the sake of economy; the materials are still the best of the best, and the hats are fully finished by hand. Mr. Thaurup himself is pleased with the result, interjecting the price from time to time, and adding, "I'm sorry I can't do more."

## Barbara's Rome Attraction Is Bob.

Barbara Stanwyck hopes she can go to Rome to see Bob Taylor but isn't sure. "Bob's the only attraction," she says. "I have no love for Europe and I don't want to do any sight-seeing."

The reports from the "Quo Vadis" troupe in Rome are far from alluring. Barbara had a letter saying that the temperature had been 100 outside and an unbelievable 130 degrees inside the colosseum stages. Rome's worst heat wave, she hears, is half a century.

Barbara has forwarded Bob's Navy questionnaire to him—not a notice to report or stand by. Just a form enabling the Navy to locate and classify its reserve officers. Bob was a lieutenant in the last war.

Mario Lanza is down to 177 pounds but at what a cost! He's been combining the Mayo Clinic and the Cleveland House diet systems. Also taking an hour and a half's workout every day.

## From London's First Autumn Collection



Just released for publication is this picture of one of the models from the recent collection of Digby Morton, London's top fashion designer. "Hatfield" a model which demonstrates the clever use of reversible fabric, brown and beige basket-weave on the outside and maroon and amethyst on the reverse. Cut with a double-V front it makes a snazzy little greatcoat. The hat "Bon-Wester" is by Rudolf.

## WOMANSENSE

## "TEEN AGE AND TWENTY"

By Dorothy Barkley



## Travel made enjoyable by new drug discoveries

By H. N. BUNDESEN, M.D.

FOR many people, travel is complicated by sickness. No sooner do they get started on a journey—whether by boat, plane, train, or automobile—than they are overcome by a feeling which soon shows itself frankly in such symptoms as sickness at the stomach, vomiting, and headache.

This is known by various names, is seasickness, though doctors agree today on the term "motion sickness" as being more inclusive.

## Changes in Speed

Apparently, symptoms are brought on not so much by the

motion itself as by changes in speed, which create a disturbance in the inner ear. Particularly affected are the ear's little fluid-filled canals on which the body depends for its sense of balance.

Today, fortunately, we have a good many remedies against this type of discomfort. They belong chiefly to the group of drugs known as antihistamines, ordinarily used in combating allergic disorders, such as hay fever and hives. Some of them, however, have proved useful in motion sickness, too, especially one known as Dramamine.

## Antihistamines

These antihistamine preparations seem to be much more useful than hyoscine, which was formerly used for travel sickness. Dramamine seems to be more helpful in seasickness than in airsickness, but is also of great value to those suffering from carsickness. The preparation is usually given before the travel is started and then at regular intervals of about 8 hours during the trip. As a rule, no unpleasant reactions occur.

## Fastidious Care For Your Hair

By HELEN FOLLETT

TO be in a healthy state, to carry lustre, to look beautiful, your "crown of glory" must have fastidious care. Without it the silky shafts are bound to appear dull and the growth will be more or less temperamental when you endeavour to arrange it into a smart hairdo.

No matter if it is long, short or medium length, naturally curly or straight as a string, it must be kept scrupulously clean, the circulation in the scalp should be stimulated by massage, the strands brushed religiously. Brushing has a wonderfully invigorating effect. Don't fancy that the wool upon your brain roof will drive you mad. It has these attentions. It is subject to spells of depression and looks woebegone if it does not receive the care that is its due.

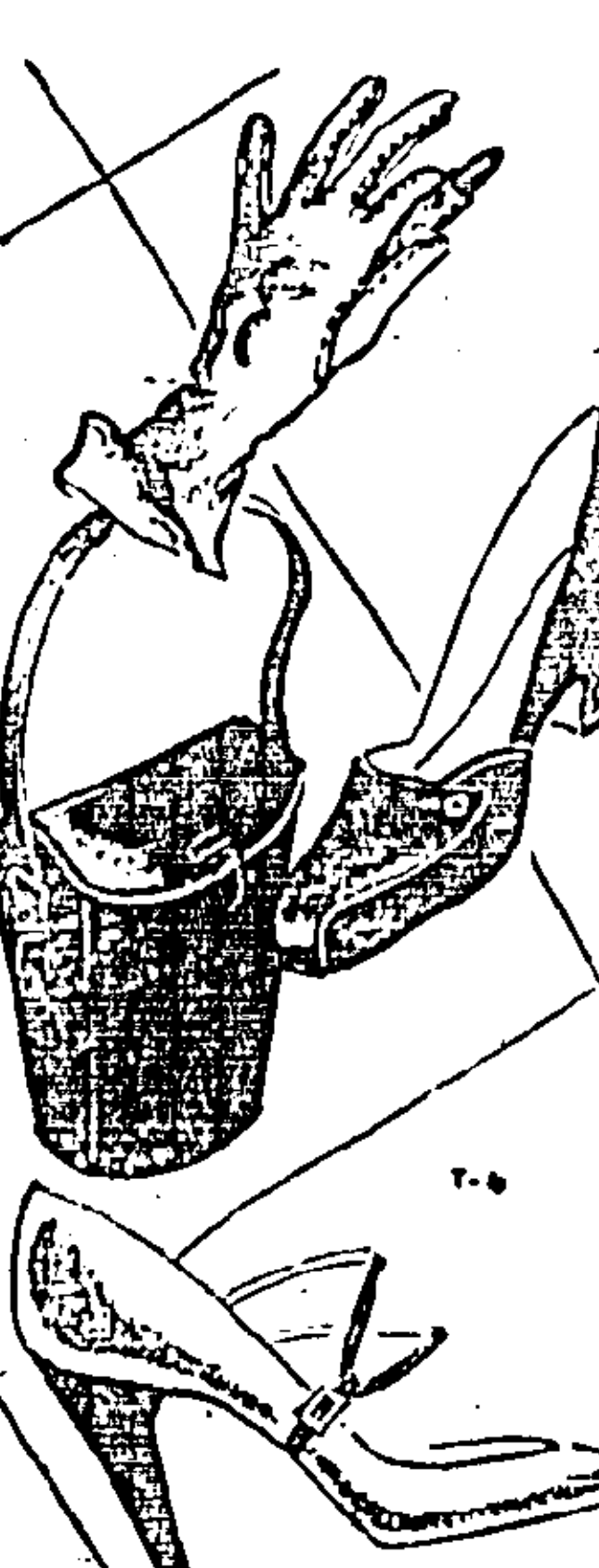
## Type Of Scalp

The scalp, like the complexion, can be oily, dry or normal. If it is oily, the hair will be likewise and you would do well—if this is your special good looks sorrow—to be fussy about the shampoo medium you use. There are special ones for oily hair, just as there are preparations for locks that are dry and brittle.

Some girls hesitate to massage their scalps because they fear that the finger wave or permanent will be weakened. Nothing to it. Place the fingers firmly against the scalp through the hair and move the scalp. This treatment will stimulate the functioning of the skin, promote the growth, restore natural lustre.

It probably isn't necessary to remind you that comb and brush must be kept clean. The solution of that problem is to have two of each so a clean one is always at hand. After brushing your glory-locks pass the brushes over a towel and you will readily see why it is necessary to "dust" your hair daily. Not more than a fortnight should elapse between shampooings.

## Important And New



Accessories for summer.

By GRACE THORNCLEIFFE

FABRIC gloves grow smarter by the season. Double woven cotton is the material of a hand-stitched glove with a scalloped cuff and attached scallop effect on the back. The street shoe is dark red calf piped in white. It has a pearl button on the vamp and a medium heel. The capacious binocular-type handbag is made of dark red leather. It has self-piping, a mirror under the flap, a rigid base and a strap that is adjustable. The colour combination of the kidskin pump with a double strap.

During an attack of seasickness or air-sickness, the patient should lie down, if possible, and most relief is obtained if he lies on his back with his eyes closed. Then one of the scalding-hot remedies should be administered, but no food should be given by mouth until the medicine has had a chance to act. If there is a great deal of vomiting, it may be necessary to administer the medicine by dissolving it in water and injecting it into the lower bowel.

## First Twelve Hours

While motion sickness is undoubtedly due to physical causes, it can also be complicated and made worse by the mental attitude of the patient; thus, if his thoughts can be distracted from the motion of the ship by walking on deck, sitting, reading, or listening to music, the mental activity, his suffering will undoubtedly be lessened.

In addition to the use of common drugs, there are a few common-

## Your Sewing Scrapbooks

by Mary Brooks Picken

## Handy Portfolio For Place Mats

Straighten cover and lining fabrics. From both covering and lining, tear or cut off a 28" piece. For ties, tear from sides of remaining lining piece three lengthwise strips, each 1 1/2" wide. (There will be a 4" strip left over which you won't need.) On each strip, make a 1/4" turn at each end. Fold each strip lengthwise a scant 1/3; fold other edge over it a scant 1/3, turning in raw edge. Stitch through centre. Cut each strip in two.

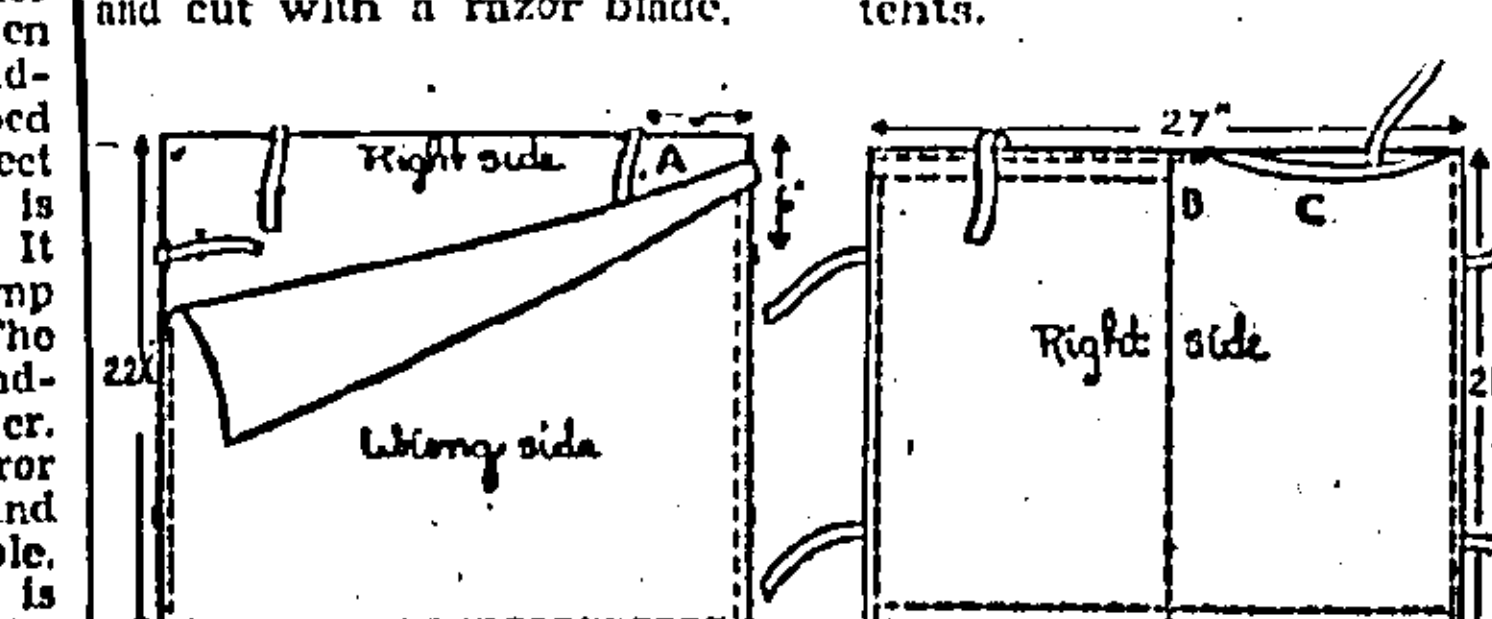
## Stitch the Ends

Stitch raw ends of ties to right side of cover, 6" from each corner, as at A, with raw edges even. Pin ties back out of way, as shown, then pin lining to cover, right sides together. Stitch edges on two sides and across bottom end, leaving top end open. Clip corners; turn to right side, smooth out corners and seams and press.

Starting 1/2" from edge, stitch lengthwise through centre of this piece, as at B, again keeping all strings out of way of catching. This makes two pockets. Insert cardboard in these pockets.

## Start With Box

Get a sturdy cardboard box from your grocer—one large enough to give you two cardboard the right size for portfolio you are making. For placemat portfolio cut two pieces each 12" x 19". To cut these true, mark with yardstick and pencil and cut with a razor blade.



TOMORROW: BIG AND LITTLE SISTER'S PINAFLORE



## Blood Type Tattoo



MICHELLE HILDEBRAND is examining a tattooed blood type mark on Sally Christian in Chicago, after the city's civilian defence committee approved a plan calling for such tattoos on everyone. The markings, according to the authorities, would be useful in treating casualties after a bombing. (Acme)

## Students Test Drug Effects

Seven medical students lost consciousness in drug tests at University College, London recently. Five afterwards spent a night in hospital, it is disclosed in the British Medical Journal.

The experiments, by volunteers in a class of 70 men and women, were part of the practical course in pharmacology. The object was to enable students to understand the effects of drugs in diseases.

Students worked in pairs, acting in turn as subject and observer. Their class held once a week, lasted five hours.

Three types of experiment were carried out, in which drugs were administered by a doctor at route. The object was to assess the anaesthetic activity of drugs, given subcutaneously, effects of inhalation of mixtures of nitrous oxide and oxygen, and the effect of drugs taken by mouth.

## REACTION TO PAIN

In the first experiment 35 students were used for testing the potency of doses of morphine, amphetamine, and physiological saline. An apparatus to produce muscular pain in the forearm was used to test the effect of the drugs. Tables showed the increasing delay in the onset of pain after injection of the drugs.

In the second experiment only a proportion of the students who received nitrous oxide mixture were able to complete the experiment. Several pulled out the mask. Two completed the

## Rushed To Catch The Post

Over 21 years ago a London solicitor and his wife were spending their holiday at Cannes in the South of France. The husband fell ill and his wife sent a postcard to their daughter Jean at their home in Bexhill-on-Sea.

It was posted on January 28, 1929, but Jean never received it. It has just been delivered at her father's office in Lincoln's Inn Fields, bearing a London postmark dated July 21, 1950!

The postcard was addressed to Miss Jean Douglas-Mum, and on it her mother wrote "Daddy is better, I am glad to say. I will write to you soon. I am rushing to catch post!"

## CHILDREN SING HYMNS OF BELLS AND HOOTERS

A child playing in the streets of a great city can see as many things bright and beautiful as in any country lane. That is the belief of Methodist Sunday school teachers who have written a series of new hymns specially for children born and bred in the towns.

Their aim is to arouse the child's interest in the colourful varied life around him, and, through that interest,

## ENGLISH BECOME HUMAN

The English are rapidly becoming human. Now they look after their children as well as their cars for their pets—a great change from 1931, said Dutch Professor G. J. Renier.

The man who wrote "The English—Are They Human?" in 1931 said in a broadcast: "The poorest children have legs as straight as those of children from the best homes."

"All your children are well clothed and properly clad. There is fair play for the growing generation."

Twenty years ago he considered the English a mixture of arrogance and weakness. "Now you are given to excessive and unnecessary self-censorship, and there is no trace of weakness."

## THE UPPER LIP

"The class which never believed in the virtue of the upper lip have acquired power. The conception of the English gentleman as the embodiment of perfection has disappeared."

He referred to federation, so well understood by European continentalers. The English saw it as a beautiful ritual of a federal Parliament with Speaker and House.

"You are not ripe for federation because even the British citizen of the world remains British. You are not cosmopolitan yet."

to stimulate the child's religious sense.

In place of the "little drops of water, little grains of sand," the birds and flowers of which earlier generations sang, the modern child will be encouraged to find beauty—and the hand of God—in the bustle of the street and the din of the factory.

## VANS, BUSES

One hymn, called "Town Joys," says:

Come, let us remember the joys of the town;  
Gay vans and bright buses that rear up and down.  
Shop windows and playgrounds and swings in the park,  
And street-lamps that twinkle in rows after dark.  
And let us remember the chorus that swells from hooters and hammers and whistles and bells;  
From fierce-panting engines and clear-striking clocks  
And sirens of vessels aloft in the docks.  
We thank Thee, O God, for the numberless things,  
And friends and adventures which every day brings;  
O, may we not rest until all that we see  
In towns and in cities is pleasing to Thee.

## THEIR AIM

The book containing the new hymns was compiled by a committee, who say that their aim is to supersede hymns containing "unreal and obsolete words" and those concerning subjects which children are incapable of understanding.

As well as the joys of town life, the new hymns deal with life in the home, work and workers, character and adventure.

There are special lines to be sung by boys alone in some of them, because, say the committee, "often the boys are content to let the girls do all the work."

## LUMP OF COAL

One short hymn describes the adventure story which lies behind an ordinary lump of coal:

Down deep, dark mines below the ground,  
Fathers and brothers toil  
And dig for coal to warm our homes  
And make our kettles boil.  
Thank God for coal: God bless the men  
Who work in cheerless gloom,  
And when their daily toil is done  
God, bring them safely home.

The Rev. A. E. Pickard, superintendent minister of the Finbury Park, N. circuit of Methodist churches, said: "Some London Sunday school already have the new book, which replaces one printed 29 years ago."

"The modern hymns are proving popular with children. They enjoy singing the rhythmic tunes with words about buses, shop windows, playgrounds, and twinkling street-lamps."

## Festival March Criticised

The Marquess of Bute, 43, has written to the Scottish Office of the Festival of Britain declining an invitation to take part in the Festival march on August 10.

The notion of a clan gathering on a football field in Edinburgh, his letter continues, "does not appeal to me in any way." He adds that he is sure many other chiefs and chieftains share his views.

## Cigarette Distribution



L.T. Richard M. Hannon of the U.S. 24th Infantry Regiment, is getting some cigarettes from Red Cross worker Maude Campbell at an evacuation area in Pusan, Korea. Hannon was waiting to be taken to Japan on a hospital ship. (Acme)

## Early Settlers In The Scilly Isles

During the past four years excavation has added considerably to the knowledge of the prehistory and history of the Isles of Scilly. Until 1947, so little was known, apart from the multitude of megalithic and kindred tombs, that it was even doubted whether the islands had been continuously inhabited from early times.

In recent years excavations have been carried out at nine sites. Two of these, on St. Mary's, have been financed by the Ministry of Works; the remainder, on St. Martin's, have been dealt with entirely by volunteers at sites found by the Rev. H. A. Lewis, of St. Martin's.

The results of many of the excavations, and the archaeological record, and pointing the way to further work, which may produce evidence for a continuous narrative of the history of the period 1500 B.C. to A.D. 1000.

The Knackboy Cairn, St. Martin's, yielded over 100 cremation vessels, together with

## Seek Cheaper Frogs' Legs

Frogs' legs and caviare are on a list of 60 new items on which the United States will seek tariff reductions at a general tariff reducing conference next month.

Other items on the new list: Enamel paints, soy bean oil and linseed, tomatoes, patent barley and barley flour, silver, jute, toys, apparel, cast-iron pipes and fittings, aluminium and alloys.

A star head of falcon such as occurs in Egypt in the XIXth dynasty (1200-1200 B.C.). This showed that such tombs were being used at an unexpectedly late date and were possibly in use from c. 1200-500 B.C.

The mass of pottery found in this tomb, some of which is on show in the County Museum, Truro, by the gift of the Duchy of Cornwall, has enabled the excavators to date several habitations sites on the island of St. Martin's to the centuries about 100 B.C.

## COVERED BY TIDES

At Par Beach, St. Martin's, an Early Iron Age hut is now covered at high water by all but the low tide. It is an oval stone hut, 17ft. by 15ft., with four post-holes for supports for a roof.

The doorway lay to the west, and beside the inner face of the wall were paving stones on which beds could have been made. It is dated by potsherds and flint implements.

The remaining sites have yielded objects of Roman type, and they show the speed and extent of Roman influence in the islands.

An examination of a cemetery of 10 oval cists found at Perterree, St. Mary's, during the preparation of sites for new houses was undertaken by the Ministry of Works.

The graves were small, but in the megalithic tradition; and the grave goods included two vessels, almost complete, and nine Roman bronze brooches of types belonging to the first or second century A.D.

Above a Bronze Age habitation at May's Hill, St. Martin's, there were found the massive walls of a house of the second century A.D. The pottery was entirely Roman in type, with two very small pieces of Samian ware—the first known from the island—but the house was of native type, comparable with many in Cornwall.

So also is an oval house at East's Cairn, St. Mary's, recently excavated by the Ministry of Works, which is taking guardianship of the area from the Duchy of Cornwall. The pottery indicates occupation in the middle Roman period, with such refinements as drains in the floor for surface water.

One half of a round house of slightly later date remains above high water mark on the shore at Par Beach, St. Martin's. In addition to fourth-century Roman pottery it yielded pieces of earthenware or tin ore—one of them of the finest metal.

These give some substance to the old belief—often challenged—that the Scilly Isles were the Cassiterides of the Greek and Latin geographers.

## Restoring A Famous Home

Work on restoring Chiswick House, once the home of the Dukes of Devonshire and one of the finest examples of the Palladian style in Britain, is now not expected to be complete in time for the Festival of Britain next year. Work started last year.

The Ministry of Works states that demolition of the wings of the main building has begun, and should be finished within the next few months. The wings, designed by James Wyatt and added in 1788, have sometimes been criticised as out of keeping with the main house.

A Ministry official said: "As additions to the original structure they are of less historic interest." Chiswick House was built 1727-1730 by the third Earl of Burlington, art patron and amateur architect. He employed Colin Campbell and later William Kent.

In 1940, in a badly dilapidated condition, it was transferred to the nation by Middlesex County Council and Brentford and Chiswick Borough Council by a deed of gift under the Ancient Monuments Acts. The consent of the local authorities and of the Duke of Devonshire was given to the proposal to demolish the wings.

## HANDING OVER POSTPONED

The ceremonial handing over has not yet taken place. According to the Ministry, it has been decided to wait "until the building is more presentable." After the wings have been demolished, work will begin on restoring doors and windows which are now hidden, and on preparing new ceilings and roof structure. None of the original ceilings is left.

In 1948 the Ministry of Works gave this verdict on Chiswick House: "If restored, it would be a perfect gem of architectural beauty as Inigo Jones's miniature palace at Greenwich and in its own perfect setting would have no rival save the Petit Trianon at Versailles."

## Royal Room As Police Headquarters

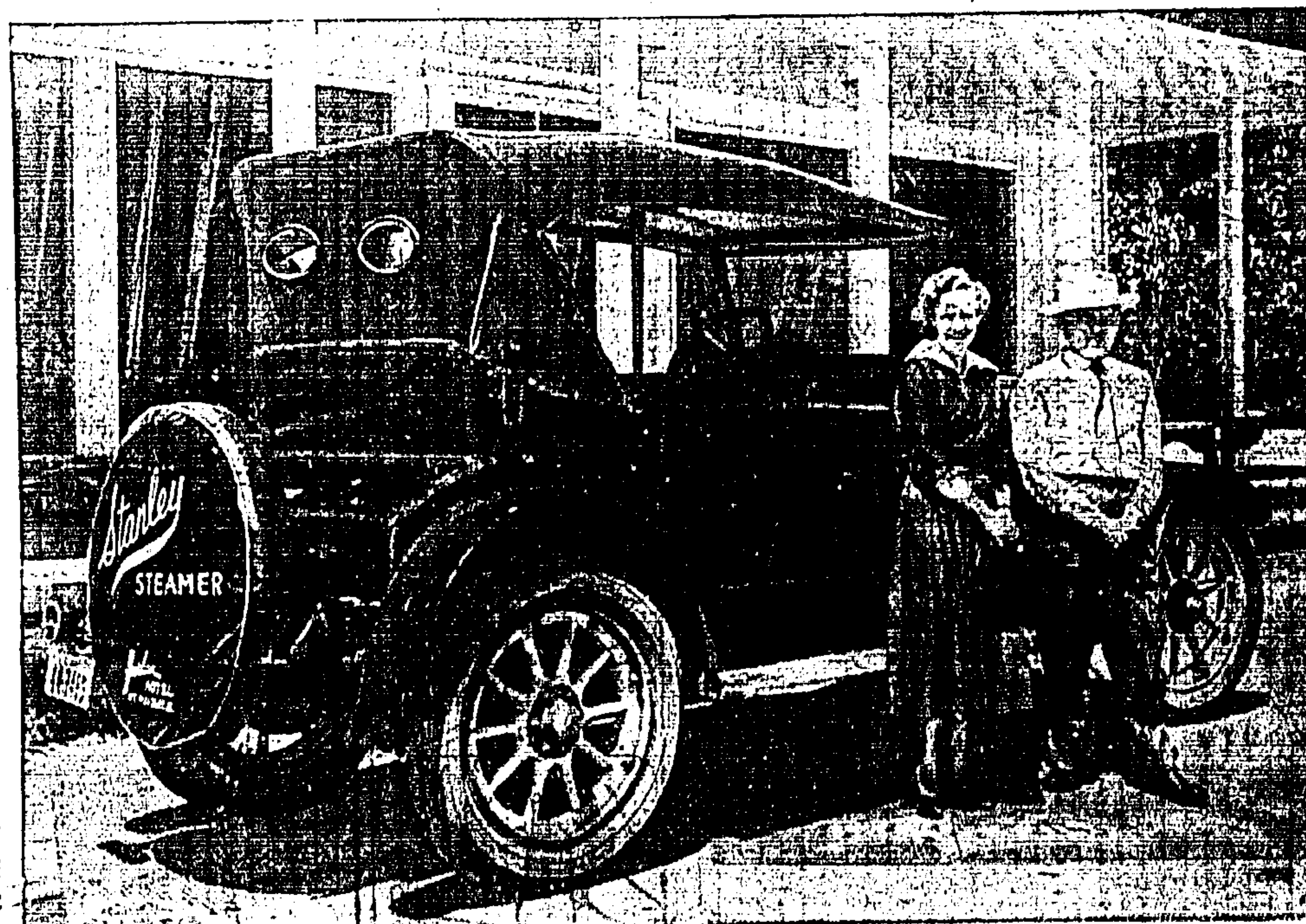
The King has given British Railways permission to convert the Royal waiting room at Windsor central station into the divisional headquarters of the Western Region railway police.

The furniture and effects will be sold by auction at Windsor station on September 15.

All royalty visiting Windsor Castle in the reigns of King Edward VII and Queen Victoria after the Diamond Jubilee, used the room. Since cars have been used, the room has been available for the funeral of King George V. During their reign the King and Queen have not used the room when arriving at Windsor by train.

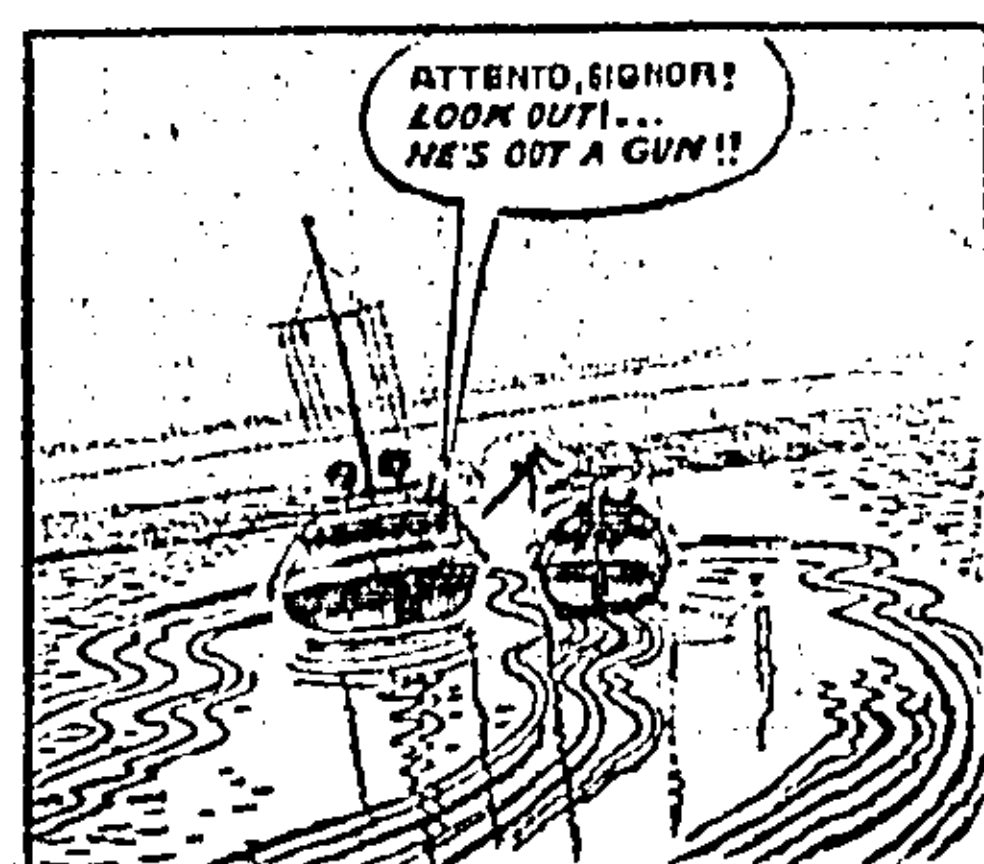
The building was the Diamond Jubilee gift of the Great Western Railway Co. to Queen Victoria. It was claimed to be the best equipped Royal waiting room at any railway station in the world.

## Steaming Along—35 Years Old



C. M. McMillan and Ruth Wright stand next to McMillan's 1915-model Stanley Steamer, in Dundee, Illinois. The vehicle uses kerosene, goes 12 miles to the gallon. The McMillans were driving it to a county fair. (Acme)

## K. O. CANNON . . . . . THE RIDDLE OF THE ROME REBELS

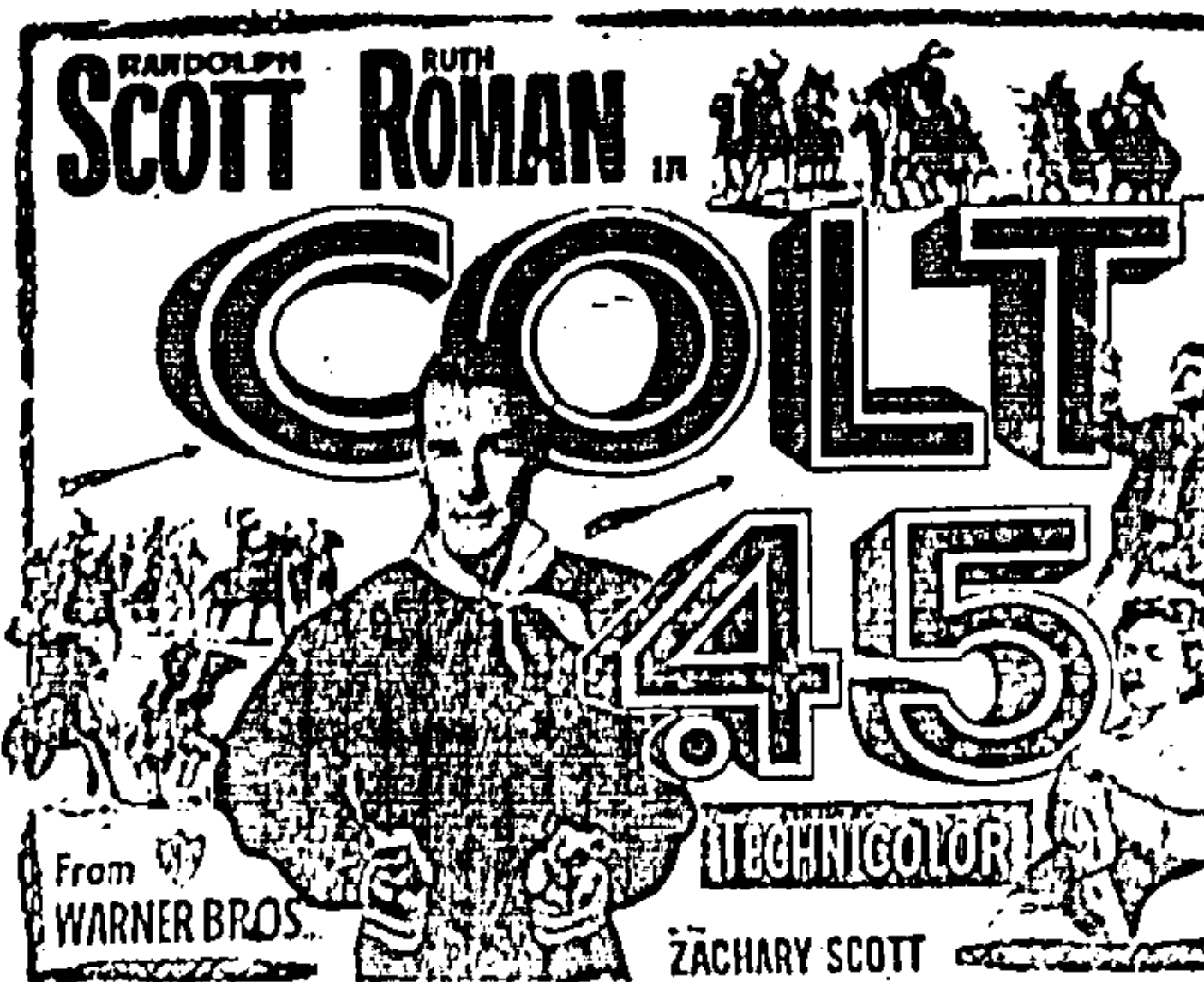




# QUEEN'S ALHAMBRA

AIR-CONDITIONED AIR-CONDITIONED

SHOWING TO-DAY AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.



— NEXT CHANGE —

**QUEEN'S** — By Request —  
**"APPOINTMENT IN TOKYO"**  
 (Victory in the Pacific)

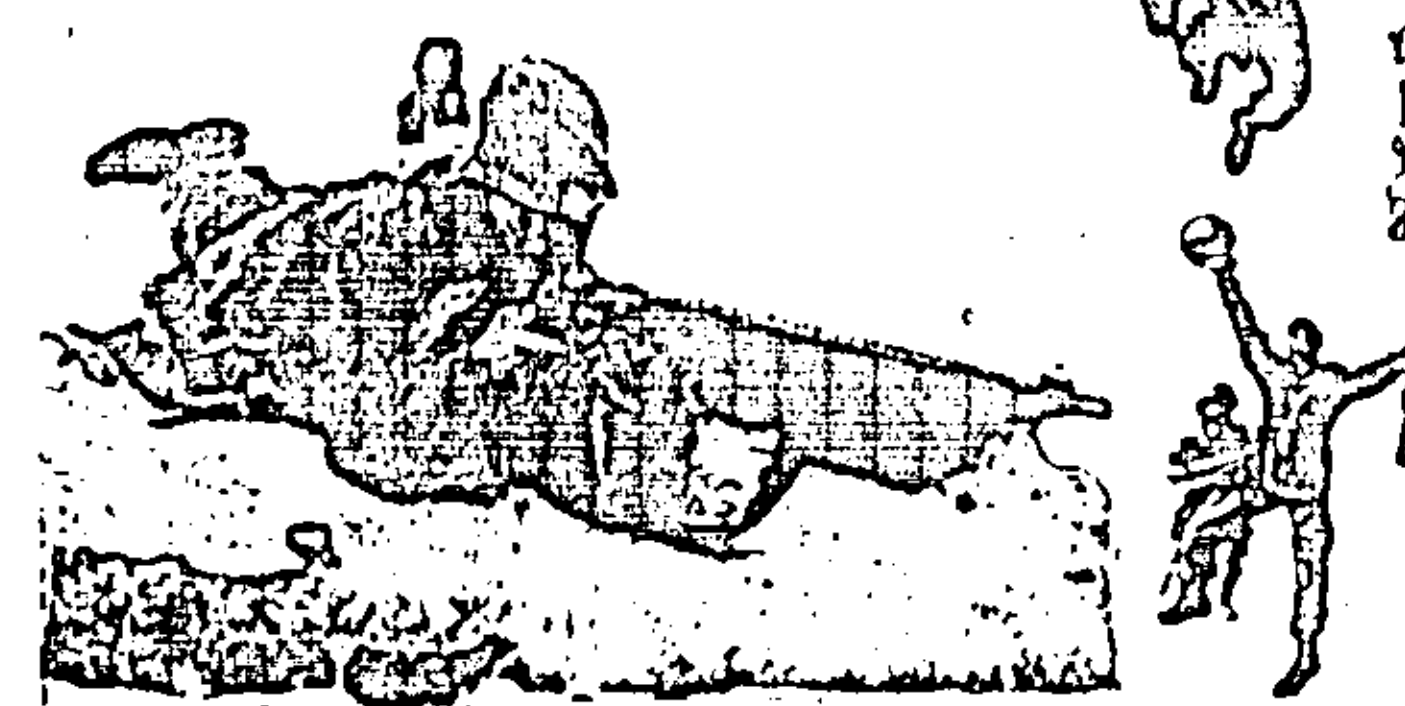
**ALHAMBRA** — By Request —  
**"ON THE TOWN"**  
 In Technicolor  
 Gene Kelly • Frank Sinatra



**NEXT ATTRACTION**

A DOCUMENTARY OF WORLD WAR II

**BATTLE OF OKINAWA**  
 IN TECHNICOLOR



**ORIENTAL**  
 AIR-CONDITIONED

Take Any Eastern Tram Car or Happy Valley Bus  
 SHOWING TO-DAY: 2.30—5.30—7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

RETURN ENGAGEMENT BY PUBLIC REQUEST!  
 Chinese Picture in Mandarin Dialogue!

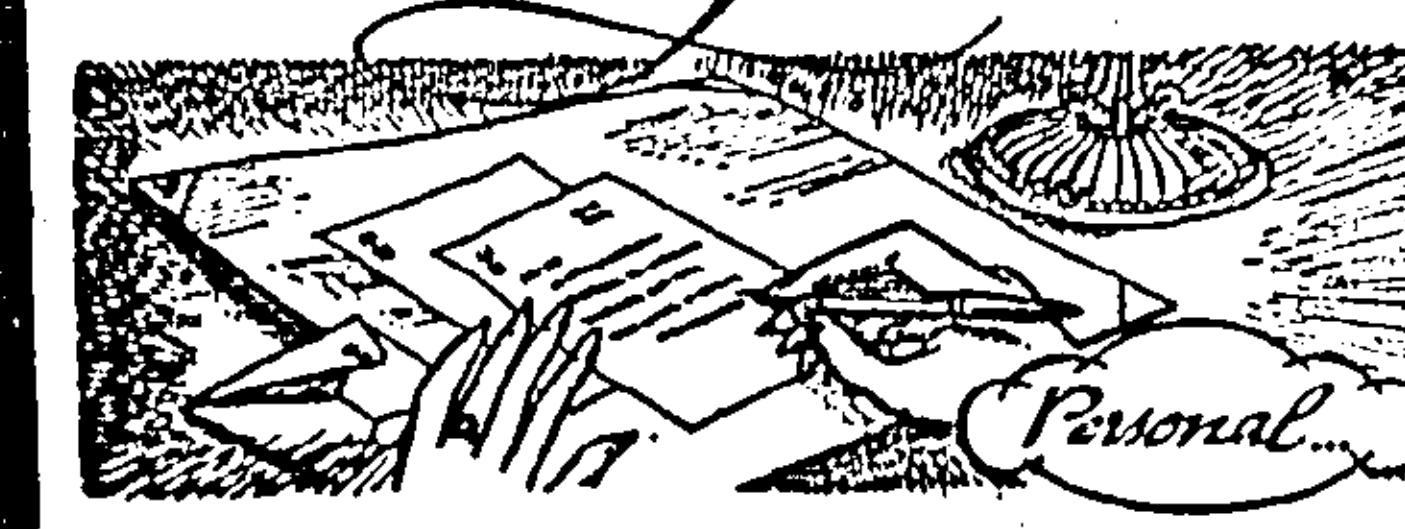
LI LI WHA

in

**"AWFUL TRUTH"**



**Letterheads**



**Business...**

*Fine Quality Printing and Design*

SOUTH CHINA MORNING POST

TEL: 2661



GOING UP

World Copyright. By arrangement with Data Herald.

## IF GANDHI WERE ALIVE TODAY...

By **FRANCIS WATSON**

SOON after the beginning of the Korean war, I sat up late one night, trying to think out what Mahatma Gandhi might have said, or done, in the world situation that we are now facing without him. I took down his own writings from my bookshelf, and some of the books written by others about him, and I got out the notes that I had made of my meetings with him years ago.

I had no idea, that evening, that on the following day I should be talking to his son, Devadas Gandhi. I did not even know that Devadas Gandhi was in London for a few days. But when I did meet him, almost the first words he said to me were: "If my father were alive today, he would have gone to Moscow."

Something of the same thought had been running through my own mind. But I realised that it involved two assumptions. The first assumption was that the Russians would give him travel facilities and admit him to discussion with their leaders. In view of Moscow's concern to influence public opinion outside the U.S.S.R., it might be that they would hardly have refused.

**No Hesitation**

THE second assumption was that Gandhi himself would decide that the cause of peace might be served by his personal intervention in international affairs. He never showed any hesitation about placing himself in the very storm centre of a problem while he was alive. But he had found those storm centres among his own people or in their direct concerns.

I have always thought that one of the most significant things about Mahatma Gandhi was the concentration of his life's work upon the needs of his own country. His was a universal figure with a universal influence. But he recognised the task before him and did not dissipate his energies. Even the great doctrine of non-violence, which could make an ideal appeal to all humanity, had a special practical reference to India's position in the last twenty-five years before independence, and in the first stage of developing and preserving nationhood.

**Experiments**

THAT is my personal view. It is the view of a Westerner who discovered, or thought he discovered, Gandhi through the Indian villages and the Indian villages, through Gandhi. I may easily be wrong. Indeed, anyone may be wrong in trying to relate Gandhi and Gandhism to a particular situation. For surely his life was what he called it, a series of experiments. The experiments were undertaken with the full force of his free personality. There were clear principles behind them, but even he did not pretend to foresee the application of those principles to any given event.

Even so, the principles themselves may give some clue. I believe that one of them was a faith in internationalism based on nationalism—that is to say, on a purified, non-aggressive nationalism.

"National independence," he said, "is as necessary as individual independence," and again and again he showed that both those freedoms involve responsibilities. A fully developed nationalism, attained by just and truthful means, was the first step; then comes voluntary interdependence with other nations for the good of the whole world.

"Internationalism is possible only when nationalism becomes a fact, i.e. when peoples belonging to different countries have organized themselves and are able to act together."

A free India, voluntarily associated with the Commonwealth and playing her full part in a world-wide organisation of nations for peace—this, surely, was the goal to which he pointed.

What, then, of non-violence? One could write at enormous length of the Mahatma's absolute devotion to ahimsa. The light within him burned steady and clear. I can only say that I can conceive situations in which, though he himself would take no part in military action, he would not condemn those who did so. And the clearest example of such a situation would be that in which an aggressor, refusing an international summons to withdraw, is opposed by the united decision of free nations.

**No Short Cuts**

TO me, it seems that the question of armed aggression and interference between one nation and another is at this stage of the world's history the most vital and immediate one. Others, I know, see the whole problem in terms of political belief—to be Communists or not to be Communists. How can Gandhism solve that conflict?

I can see the beaming smile with which he would describe himself as a revolutionary in some matters, a conservative in others. He thought Lenin a "master-spirit," but it was with Tolstoy that he felt kinship, because Tolstoy believed in a new social order as a function of human love, not as a function of blind economic forces.

The power of work and the power of capital should be balanced—that is how I read Gandhi's answers to so many questions on the subject. He saw the solution of unjust inequalities in the possibility of human partnership. He spoke of "democracy disciplined and enlightened" as "the finest thing in the world." He refused to take short-cuts, especially

violent short-cuts, towards an ideal situation.

It was this that most deeply shocked orthodox Communists. Voluntary modifications of the system were to them almost blasphemous. "Such ideas," said one critic, (P. Spratt) "are obviously remnants of Mr. Gandhi's Victorian upbringing." Yet the evidence accumulated before the forces of violence took Gandhi's life, that he was a man, free to the truth than any Communist dogma.

Gandhi's immense concern for the masses, his hold over them, his understanding of their material and spiritual needs, left Communism almost speechless. "The peasant type is an objectionable type, primitive and brutish," was all that they could stammer.

But Gandhi saw in the peasant a free man, free to give his labour, free to enjoy the fruits of it, free to think and worship as his conscience bade him.

"Communism of the Russian type," he wrote, "that is Communism which is imposed on a people," would be repugnant to India.

And that is what he would be facing today in our world. Communism of the Russian type imposing itself on many nations and threatening still further expansion: a denial of the enlightened nationalism for which he worked, a denial of the free human spirit.

**Real Meaning**

JUST as Gandhi could recognise the virtue in Communist ideals, so he was swift to detect the perversion of ideals for impure purposes of power. None knew better than he the real meaning of imperialism. My own countrymen have no illusions about that unyielding fist of his. He denounced it when it showed itself in Japan, and he would not have failed to see the corruption of power which has made the U.S.S.R. into a centralized imperialism.

Just before the World War, I asked him what the British should do for peace. "Give up your ill-gotten gains," he replied. I think I argued that that was what we hoped we were doing, and that not all of those "gains" were ill-gotten in the sense that he intended.

But if we could imagine him going to Moscow today and being asked by the rulers in the Kremlin what they should do for peace, would he not give a similar answer?

## THE JOCK AT WAR

By J. W. Taylor

NO regiment could claim a better fighting record in World War Two than the Black Watch. Their battalions served in almost every theatre and were concerned in many desperate ventures.

They were in the 1940 operations on the Continent which ended in the disaster at St. Valery; in Crete during the airborne invasion, and Tobruk when it was besieged; they were at El Alamein and in the long gallop to Tripoli; in the invasion of Sicily and the long drawn-out slogging match in Italy; fought in 21 Army Group from Normandy to the Rhine; and the Red Hackle was also found among the Chindit columns which operated behind the Japanese in Burma.

"The Black Watch and the King's Enemies," a new book, which tells the story of these tough Jocks, will appeal to all those who enjoy a really stirring war history, sprinkled with excellent character sketches and human incidents.

**STRIKING**

It was written by Lt-Col. Bernard Fergusson, who now commands the regular battalion of the Regiment and served in North Africa and with the Chindits. An accomplished writer—his "Beyond the Chindwin" and "The Wild Green Earth" are well known—with the advantage of knowing personally the officers and men he writes about, he has produced a striking description of an old and illustrious regiment in some of its greatest moments.

It contains, too, some delightful lighter moments. Such as this one of the 4th Battalion's period of garrison duty at Gibraltar, when the senior naval commander at the time was Vice-Admiral Sir James Somerville.

One night, the Admiral came into the battalion mess to report that he had just received the best snub of his life from one of the Black Watch sentries.

"The Admiral had walked past him once without receiving the salute which he felt to be his due," writes Colonel Fergusson, "and when the incident was repeated ten minutes later he had ventured to broach the subject to the Jock."

**JUDGMENT**

"Do you see all those ships in the harbour down there?" he asked, and the Jock said: "Aye."

"And do you see all this stuff on my arm?" (pointing to the rings of gold on his sleeve), and the Jock said: "Aye."

"Well, I don't want to be awkward in any way," said the Admiral mildly, but I feel that you ought really salute me when I go past. Don't you?"

"The Jock looked at the gold rings and thought it over, and at last, pronouncing judgment, he said: 'Ye may be a sergeant, but ye're no' a sergeant in the Black Watch.'"

Then there is the story of the grey-haired Major Jock Mc-

kinney in North Africa. He went for the enemy with his company, stumping along at the head with a big stick; behind them were the carriers under Derek Horne.

"The enemy's fire intensified, then wavered, then stopped," says Col. Fergusson. "Jock McKinney's voice came over the air on the radio: 'They're away, sir. The whole ridge is clear. Derek's killed a lot of them, but I've only caught one Panzer Grenadier and he's so grey we I doubt he's not worth keeping.'"

**CASSINO**

McKinney, by the way, was badly wounded a year afterwards. Both thighs were broken and he was limped for life, but, still in uniform, he is now Recruiting Officer in Dundee.

When in Tripoli, one battalion was put on evacuating duties. One day, while unloading a consignment of tinned peaches and rum they ignored an air raid. "When the All Clear went, and other troops emerged from their hide-holes, they observed the Jocks with their sleeves, and saying 'Aye, say bad for the nerves, these air raids.'"

Among their ranks at Cassino they had a 53-year-old Lance-corporal who had first joined the Regiment in 1908. He had been invalided out during World War One, but re-enlisted in 1939, and by 1944 was back in the 6th Battalion, within which he had served during the earlier war.

"Here in Cassino, he was again desperately wounded by one of our own shells, which fell short, and as he was carried away on a stretcher he sent a respectful message to Colonel Madden, asking for his forgiveness for 'falling out without permission.' Broken in body, but hardly as ever in spirit, he survived the war to resume the secretaryship of the Regimental Association in his native Aberdeen."

**GREAT SOLDIER**

Of that great soldier, Major-General Sir Victor Fortune, who was captured at St. Valery, Col. Fergusson writes: "It is truly to be said to have led captivity captive. To him all prisoners of war in Germany owned the comparative restraint with which they were increasingly used. He set himself to teach the Germans manners. He won for the troops a surprisingly high proportion of their rights under the Geneva Convention."

"All the time he maintained morale by inspiring the men a policy to follow which would cause the maximum difficulties for the Germans without provoking them to undue reprisals."

"He encouraged organised escaping; he insisted on exemplary turn-out by all ranks; and he arranged for the organisation of studies and pastimes so that the time spent behind barbed wire should not all be lost years."

**A LEGEND**

General Rennie, like General Fortune, he writes, became a legend in his lifetime.

"He never wore a red hat to the day of his death. A Red Hackle was good enough for him. He was as staunch as Dumbarton Rock, determined to the point of obstinacy; he was a great Jock-lover, and they in turn adored him."

And of General Wirmberley, who commanded the 51st Highland Division in the Desert and in Sicily, he remarks: "Born and bred in the Camerons, he might have been born and bred for the purpose of commanding the Highland Division in war. He was an ardent, almost an immoderate upholder of everything Highland. Every man in the division knew that tall and ungainly figure. Between battles the General would be at the same time solicitous for the men's welfare and intent upon his training; during them he would be using his arms like a flail to urge them forward, being at the same moment as likely as not improperly far forward himself."

**POCKET CARTOON**  
 by OSBERT LANCASTER



NANCY High Drive By Ernie Bushmiller



SOLE AGENTS NAN KANG CO. UNION 100-101



# EGYPTIAN MINISTER MAY HOLD DISCUSSIONS WITH MR ERNEST BEVIN

## KOREA FIGHTING

(Continued from Page 1)

Pusan roads. The position is about 37 1/2 miles east of Taegu and 60 miles north of Pusan.

One enemy spearhead drove forward about seven miles at a point west of Angang-ni.

Gen. MacArthur's release No. 373 said the U.N. troops, which included American Infantry, were counter-attacking against the Angang-ni roadblock.

New Patton tanks with 90 mm guns went to the support of the United Nations forces. One was reported to have knocked out a North Korean tank.

The exact position of both the UN and North Korean troops was confusing. Pohang was shelled during the night for the fifth straight day.

Denryth's dispatch said also that the Communists were moving supplies on ox-carts north-west of Pohang and that several scouts reported that 31 trucks carrying whitewash men were sighted off the coast just above Pohang. Air scouts said they had seen about 200 such boats which might carry several thousand men further north.

The North Koreans opened a major drive on Taegu on Saturday night after a 75-minute intensive artillery barrage. By mid-afternoon yesterday they fought to within less than 10 miles of Taegu. The enemy force gained 6,000 yards and threw light tanks each of Taegu's 12 miles north of Taegu. One of the plucers reached a point 4,000 yards southeast of Taegu.

The fighting on this front was along a line of three and half miles from Taegu west to the broad Hill 518, and a half mile northeast of Waegwan which the First Cavalrymen have tried for five days to take.

A "pooled" dispatch for all press associations quoted a spokesman as saying that the enemy penetration north of Taegu has been halted and that the Americans were putting pressure on the enemy. The First Cavalrymen fought within 100 yards of the top of Hill 518 on the left of the offensive front, the spokesman said.

Robert Verill said the Second Infantry Division and First Marine Brigade rolled the North Koreans back south and west of Yongson on the Nakdong River front.

The Second Division pushed south of Yongson to recapture strong positions overlooking the eastern stretch of the Nakdong where the Reds crossed the river on Saturday night after penetrating the line of the 25th Infantry Division, which holds the southern front.

West of Yongson the Marines, supported by artillery, broke through the enemy's attacks by Marine Corsair fighter planes, drove the Reds off two ridges one and a half miles west of Yongson, Verill said.

On the southern front the 25th Division has completely restored the line held before the enemy drive toward Masan and Pusan started, Robert Miller said.

"We have not lost one yard of ground," a Division spokesman said. The Infantrymen attacked on Sunday and forced two major bluffs near Nam, eight miles west of Masan.

Late yesterday, they were mopping up small pockets of enemy troops who were left behind when the offensive stalled and was thrown back.

**TAEGU STORM**  
The thunder storm which lashed the battlefield this afternoon grounded many of the planes which had helped to hold off the Communists' attack north of Taegu this morning.

Pilots straggling behind the lines north of Taegu reported "frenzied" movements of troops and supplies. They blasted a human chain of coolies winding their way south of Kunwi, about 23 miles north of Taegu, carrying supplies. But they could not stop the processions toward the front.

Infiltrating North Korean guerrillas were reported to have partly occupied the walled city about four and a half miles north-east of Waegwan.

First Cavalry Division units had so far been unable to mop up an estimated two North Korean platoons using automatic weapons and hand grenades in this area, a spokesman said. He added that North Korean tanks, vehicles and positions were using United Nations identification panels to confuse Allied aircraft.

Solid clouds crippled Australian Mustangs strikes against the Communists today, though some planes got through. The offensive in the Taegu area was believed to have been launched by between four and five divisions which had been massed in the Waegwan-Kunwi area for more than two weeks. But the hill terrain in the area means that the North Koreans can advance on a narrow front, though their weight of numbers may prove useful in exploiting any break-through.—Reuter.

Cairo, Sept. 3.  
The Egyptian Foreign Minister, Salah El Din Bey, told a press conference here today that it was "most possible" that he would hold discussions with the British Foreign Secretary, Mr Ernest Bevin, at Lake Success.

"If and when we meet, we will naturally discuss matters of mutual concern," he added.

A communique issued yesterday said that preliminary discussions on a new treaty between Egypt and Britain had been concluded by the British Ambassador, Sir Ralph Stevenson, and the Foreign Minister and referred back to their Governments.

Salah El Din Bey did not intend to raise the Anglo-Egyptian question in the United Nations. "I do not expect the reference back to the British and Egyptian Governments of the views exchanged between myself and Sir Ralph to take longer than necessary, considering the importance of the issues," he said.

"Nothing has been arranged for me to meet Mr Bevin at Lake Success, but such a meeting is most possible. If and when we meet, we will naturally discuss matters of mutual concern to Egypt and Britain."

"I hope all obstacles will ultimately be removed and there will be a satisfactory agreement."

The Foreign Minister said that in their initial talks they did not ignore the Sudan question. "Although it was only raised on two occasions it is what was said that was important, and not the length of time the subject was discussed."

**DEFINITE VIEWS**  
The Egyptian Government has a very definite point of view regarding the right of the Sudanese to deal with their own affairs, and that point of view is in contradiction to the present administration in Sudan, with their Constituent Assembly.

Sir Ralph Stevenson was due to fly to London today to report to Mr Bevin.

Salah El Din Bey said that he hoped any preliminary talks with Sir Ralph may lead to an agreement that will realise Egypt's demands. He added that yesterday's communique had not satisfied Egyptian public opinion, but it was "only intended to start a general idea about the talks."

On the Arab League Political Committee's recent decision to support the Lebanon rather than Turkey for a Security Council seat, the Foreign Minister said: "This decision will not affect the present friendly relations between the Arab countries and Turkey. The Arabs feel that circumstances still exist which the Middle East Centre on the Security Council should be occupied by an Arab State."—Reuter.

**Radio Hongkong**  
"Hongkong Calling" — Programme Summary: 6:02 Children's Half Hour — Conducted by John From (Studio); 7:30 Portuguese Half Hour (Studio); 7:40 Time for Kids — BBC; 8:00 Light Opera — BBC; 8:10 New Mayfair Orchestra (With Vocalists, Wholesome and New Analysis (London, Relay); 8:15 "I Like What I Like" Presented by Hilda Baker (Studio); 8:40 Light Opera — BBC; 9:10 From the "Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 10:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 11:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 12:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 1:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 2:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 3:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 4:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 5:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 6:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 7:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:00 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:15 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:30 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 8:45 "The Edwards" (London, Relay); 9:00 "The Edwards" (London



## ARMY CHAMPION



Sgt. John Ellis of RAOC coming out of the water after winning the 440 yds. free style event in 5 mins. 19.4 secs. breaking his own command record for the distance, set up last year, by nearly 15 secs. He was swimming in the Southern Command Swimming Championships at Bournemouth. He also won the 200 yds. free style in record time for the command.

Unofficially Ellis has lowered the Army record for the 440 yds. free style held by L/Cpl. J. Wright with a time of 5 mins. 20.4 secs. It is hoped that Ellis' time will be officially recognized as a new record for the Army after it has been examined by the proper authority.

## John Macadam's Column

## BRITISH SPORT IS ON THE WAY BACK

There is a great tendency nowadays to decry the efforts of British athletes, and it is a fact that to the general clamour set up, largely by overseas observers to the effect that we were on the way out, this voice has been lent occasionally.

Now, about enough of this. We have had our recuperative period in and after the war. We have had the sordid food business. We have had the nervous strain and we have had the fact that National Service robs our athletic life of the steady regular infusion of new blood.

Well, there's been that period and now we're through it and indications at recent events, counting under the old recreational cover, are that we are well through it.

Our athletes, clocked out with the West Indian infusion of Wind and Mae Bailey, showed a clean pair of heels to some of the best Continental and American track stars at the White City.

The Rugby Union touring party won matches and hearts in New Zealand to such an extent that their departure became almost a major national social occasion. They were the first to win their first Test match and some more. Dominion hearts.

We were licked by the West Indians at cricket, which is the kind of thing that could happen to anybody in the Empire. But the fact that they beat us is a more serious way of saying that we can go to Australia and come home behind to beat the Aussies.

## KBGC Rink The Open Champions

In the final of the Colony Rink Championships, played yesterday at Kowloon Cricket Club, the Kowloon Bowling Green Club combination, consisting of E. Greenwood, A.L.G. Eastman, W.C. Simpson and L. Sykes (skip) beat the Club de Recreio rink of R.M.V. Ribeiro, E.M. Alencar, A.A. Lopes and J.F.V. Ribeiro (skip) by 20-19, after a most thrilling finish.

Sykes had led 12-5 after a six on the seventh end and Ribeiro caught up to 12-11 on the 11th.

The KBGC rink again led by four shots on the 10th end only to see the score again levelled at 18-11 on the 19th.

## TRIPLES FINALS

The Colony Lawn Bowls Triples final between F. Lee, W.C. Ordley and C.S. Rossettel (skip) and J. Tindal, E. Greenwood and L. Sykes (skip) has been fixed for Sunday, September 10, at the Hongkong Football Club, starting at 4 p.m.

## TODAY'S GAME

Owing to the indisposition of C.S. Rossettel, the Open Singles semi-final match between him and W.J. Howard has been postponed to a later date.

There will be only one semi-final game this afternoon, that between C.C. Pereira and S. Yusuf, which will take place at Craigenpower, starting at 3.15 p.m.

## WEST INDIANS WANT THE AUSTRALIANS TO TOUR THEIR ISLANDS SAYS PETER DITTON

On September 16 the Australian Cricket Board are to discuss whether an invitation should be extended to the West Indies to send a team to Australia, probably in 1951-52. But even if the decision is favourable, I do not think such a tour would come off.

The West Indies naturally enough are "cock-a-hoop" after their victory over England in this country this summer. They are keen, indeed, anxious, that a "corner" with Australia should be played as soon as possible to decide which country holds cricket supremacy.

A series of five Tests between the Caribbean countries and Australia would undoubtedly be a great money-spinner and, in theory, should provide some of the brightest cricket seen in recent years.

Yet despite their eagerness to complete such a fixture the West Indies are not willing that they should go to Australia. This attitude is not as unreasonable as it sounds. They have already played a series of Tests "Down Under" winning one game, and they feel that the return fixture should take place in the West Indies.

## £20,000 PROFIT

Until this present tour such a proposal would never have been possible. West Indian cricket has always been in a weak financial position. This week however they will receive a sum of money far in excess of that for which they had hoped as a result of their tour of this country.

No official figures are to be released until the tour is over. But I do know that the West Indies would have been quite happy to have made a profit of between £10,000 and £20,000 on the trip, the actual sum they will receive will be much nearer double that figure.

This, coupled with their undoubted playing ability, means that for the first time the West Indies are in a commanding position. They can afford to finance an Australian trip to their own country and even if they don't make as much profit as they still have enough in the "kitty" to ensure that the tour is a success.

All the present members of the team anticipate that they would be available for an Australian visit to their country. John Goddard, their captain, has said that he will not mind any more overseas tours. That does not mean he would not be available to play against the Australians in Jamaica or British Guiana.

## UNDER-STRENGTH

On the other hand, I know that if the West Indies were to make a trip to Australia they would be short of several of the players who helped beat England so decisively this summer.

It would not be fair to send an under-strength West Indies team to Australia. The same argument might be turned the other way. Still the fact remains that the West Indies were up to the Australians to return the compliment.

If their cricket board can consider a Test series between the two countries to be a matter of such importance, then I am certain they can see their way clear to making the trip to the Caribbean.

(London Express Service)

## CAPTAIN'S INNINGS



John Goddard, the West Indies Captain, goes down on one knee to pull a ball from Douglas Wright to the boundary during the second day's play in the final Test Match between England and the West Indies at the Oval.—Central Press Photo.

## Ruthless Reg Harris Has The World Title Secret

Says ALAN HOBY

We have had bad times in sport, but don't think we can't produce a world champion. We can. The name? Reginald Hargreaves Harris.

Four days before he retained the world professional sprint cycling title at Liege I met Harris. He said quietly: "I am going to win, Alan. I have grown too fond of being the owner of the world champion's vest to lose it now."

Brash? Cocksure? No. Just sublime confidence—the sort of confidence our Test cricketers lack.

Why do they lack it? Because they don't train either mentally or physically like Reg. Harris, who treats cycling as his profession, his business, his bread and butter, indeed, his life.

RIGID SCHEDULE Believe me when Harris trains he doesn't go through the motions.

A month before the world championships he went home to Manchester. Here, barring Sundays, he ruthlessly carried out the following training schedule drawn up by himself.

Mornings—30 miles road riding, with other riders, at an average speed of 23 miles an hour.

Afternoons—15 miles track riding, with other riders, at an average speed of 26-27 miles an hour, followed by three 250-300 metre sprints, clocking 11.3-5 to 12secs. for the last 200 metres.

Evenings—25 miles after dinner slowly on a lower-geared cycle to build stamina.

In cold statistics, this works out at an average of 70 miles a day, more than 400 miles a week, and more than 1,600 miles in a month.

In nine days Harris lost 9lb. Twice in the stages of practice he clocked 11.1-5secs. (40 miles per hour) for the last 200 metres—one-fifth faster than the fastest 200 metres ever recorded in England (11.2secs. also by Harris).

THE MESSAGE Knowing all this, it was no surprise when I picked up the paper last week and read that Reg. Harris, fastest human on a cycle in the world, had done it again: that Britain's Mr. Superman and Sportsman of the Year had accomplished something which none of our cricketers, footballers, boxers, or lawn tennis players seem able to do.

He had beaten the tyres off the foreigners on their home pitch at their own game.

So forget the fact that British sport is currently crawling around like a humiliated dwarf. Remember instead the lone Briton from Manchester and his message to our cricketers, footballers, and tennis players, which, in simple language, means: "It Can Be Done."

THE LEWIS FIRE One young man who has the Lewis fire in a fight is the sensational Shepherd's Bush heavy, Jack Hobbs.

In the East End's Mile End Arena last week I saw the 20-year-old Hobbs win his seventh professional bout with his seventh successive knock-out.

He has much of Lewis's viciousness, some of his speed, but, as yet, none of his tricks. He is a novice—but so was Dempsey once.

CATHOLIC YOUTH ATHLETICS France carried off the honours in an international athletics contest for youths, held here today under the auspices of the Catholic International Federation for the teaching of sports.

French athletes took seven first places, seven seconds and six thirds in the 18 events. Competitors from Belgium, Italy, the Lebanon, Britain and Ireland also took part. Their ages ranged from 12 to University age.

Those from abroad had won a free trip to Rome during the Holy Year by being placed in events at a meeting held last month by the Federation in Chambery, France.—Reuter.

## Pairings For Semi-Finals At Forest Hills

Forest Hills, New York, Sept. 3.

Play in the semi-finals of the United States Lawn Tennis Championships here was abandoned today owing to rain.

Showers fell early in the morning and again set in steadily shortly before the first match was due to begin.

The semi-finals in each of the Men's and Women's Singles and the Mixed Doubles Championships will be played tomorrow and the finals on Tuesday.

The pairings are: Men's Singles: Gardnar Mulloy versus Herb Flam, Dick Savitt versus Art Larsen.

Women's Singles: Doris Hart versus Beverly Baker, Margaret Du Pont versus Nancy Chaffee.

Mixed Doubles: Frank Sedgman (Australia) and Miss Hart (US) versus George Worthington (Australia) and Miss Shirley Fry (US), Ken McGregor (Australia) and Miss Du Pont (US) versus Bromwich (Australia) and Miss Pat Todd (US).

Apart from the four Australians in the Mixed Doubles all the players are Americans.—Reuter.

QUARTER-FINALS Forest Hills, N.Y., Sept. 3.

Miss Shirley Fry, of the United States, and George Worthington, of Australia, beat Miss Chaffee and Tony Trabert, both of the United States, in the Mixed Doubles quarter-finals here today.

Beverly Baker beat Betty Rosenquest by 6-2, 9-7 in the second women's quarter-final today. Fleet-footed, ambidextrous Miss Baker looked likely to have an easy match when she took the first set, but her opponent fought back hard in the second set and sometimes looked like winning it.

Miss Baker resorted to her superiority to win the set in the 16th game.—Reuter.

## Officials For Colony Aquatic Championships

The following are the officials appointed for the forthcoming Colony Swimming and Diving Championships, which are run under the auspices of the Victoria Recreation Club:

Referee: D. B. Rasmussen. Judges: J. C. Sullivan, S. C. Wynn, and J. F. Ennis.

Time-keepers: Messrs. L. M. Rosa-Pereira, A. A. Gutierrez, Leo Hunk, La Hop Chai, L. A. Benn, A. A. Brito, S. H. Wong, and G. R. Richardson.

Check-starters: Lionel Loo, Capt. W. Harold.

Judges of Turns: Messrs. V. A. Yvanovich, W. C. Scott, Leo Ki Yung, and A. A. Gutierrez. Water-polo Referee: J. F. Ennis. Water-polo Goalkeepers: Ip Koon Yim and G. Richardson.

Diving Referee: H. W. Wingle. Diving Judges: Messrs. L. M. Rosa-Pereira, G. A. Agabos, A. A. Gutierrez, Young Man Kit and Capt. W. B. Golding. Messrs. A. H. C. Stead, Messrs. A. H. C. Stead, and J. C. Beid.

## SCARBOROUGH CRICKET FESTIVAL

London, Sept. 2.

W. J. Edrich, the England and Middlesex player, returned to his best form in scoring 135 runs for the MCC against Yorkshire on the opening day of the Scarborough Cricket Festival.

Playing attractive cricket, featured by some powerful batting, he hit two sixes and 10 fours during a glorious 205 minutes. After Edrich left, the first wicket to fall was that of the fast bowler, Alex Coad, dismissed with seven runs.

In one of the last two County games, Donald Kenyon, captain of the play with 155 runs, completed his century at 115 minutes. He was at the wicket altogether for four and a half hours and hit 19 fours and one six.

Jack Chapp made 81 runs out of 172 runs in two hours and 35 minutes for Gloucestershire against Hampshire. Mixed games during his innings, he hit 11 fours.

CLOSE OF PLAY SCORES The following were the close of play scores in first-class cricket matches played today:

At Scarborough: MCC (W. Edrich 135, Coad 7, Kenyon 155, Chapp 81, Tattersall 19, right-arm fast medium 25 for no wicket; 51) Yorkshire (left-arm fast 135, Coad 7, Kenyon 155, Chapp 81, Tattersall 19, right-arm fast medium 25 for no wicket; 51) 135, Coad 7, Kenyon 155, Chapp 81, Tattersall 19, right-arm fast medium 25 for no wicket; 51.

At Kingston-on-Thames: South Africa (left-arm fast 135, Coad 7, Kenyon 155, Chapp 81, Tattersall 19, right-arm fast medium 25 for no wicket; 51) 135, Coad 7, Kenyon 155, Chapp 81, Tattersall 19, right-arm fast medium 25 for no wicket; 51.

At Bournemouth: Gloucestershire (left-arm fast 135, Coad 7, Kenyon 155, Chapp 81, Tattersall 19, right-arm fast medium 25 for no wicket; 51) 135, Coad 7, Kenyon 155, Chapp 81, Tattersall 19, right-arm fast medium 25 for no wicket; 51.

At Leicester: Worcester 365 for 4 (Kenyon 155, Broadbent 77) against Leicestershire. —Reuter.

## Jany Outswims Gustav Larsson

Paris, Sept. 3.

Alex Jany, of France, beat Gustav Larsson, of Sweden, in the Grand Prix de la Ville de Paris 100-metres freestyle swimming event here today.

Jany's time was 57.6 secs. against Larsson's 1 min. 0.8 secs. The race was held at the Tournelles Pool here.—Reuter.

## Danes Win Three Finals At The European Rowing Championships

Milan, Sept. 3.

Denmark today won the fours with cox title in the European Rowing Championships here. The Danish boat won the final in 6 mins. 50.2 secs. on the unruffled artificial scullery lake where the 15-nations' contest has been staged during the last three days. Italy were second in 6 mins. 51.6 secs. Holland took third place in 6 mins. 53.3 secs.

Switzerland won the pair oars without cox title in 7 mins. 17.5 secs. Other placings were Italy second in 7 mins. 19 secs. and Belgium, third in 7 mins. 32.3 secs.

Switzerland soon drew ahead in the fours with the cox final, followed by Italy. The Danish boat won the final in 6 mins. 50.2 secs. on the unruffled artificial scullery lake where the 15-nations' contest has been staged during the last three days. Italy were second in 6 mins. 51.6 secs. Holland took third place in 6 mins. 53.3 secs.

The placings were 1st—Denmark—7 mins. 6.5 secs. 2nd—Italy—7 mins. 7.2 secs. 3rd—Switzerland—7 mins. 13.2 secs.—Reuter.

## MOTOR-CYCLING British Victory At Locarno

Locarno, Sept. 3.

Armando Miele, of Italy, today won the 500-cc event in an international motor-cycling meeting here. He rode a Gilera Machine.

Fergus Anderson, of Britain, riding a Guzzi, won the 250-cc race.

Miele covered the 116.2 kilometres (about 72 miles) course in the 500-cc race in 1 hr. 11 mins. 40.6 secs. at an average speed of 97.275 kilometres per hour.

Anderson was second and Rengo Farappa, of Switzerland, came third.

Anderson's time for the 91.3 kilometres (about 56 miles) of the 250-cc race was 57 mins. 36.4 secs, giving an average speed of 95.993 kilometres an hour.

Calludio Mastellari, of Italy, on a Guzzi, was second and Enrico Lorenzetti, of Italy, was placed third.—Reuter.

## GRAND CRITERIUM

Monza, Italy, Sept. 3.

A. Bonetto, of Italy, driving an Oscar today won the Grand Criterium race here for cars not exceeding 1,100-cc from a field of 38 riders.

He covered the course—about 150 miles—on the Monza autodrome in 1 hr. 15 mins. 8 secs.

After a close struggle throughout the race, Raymond Sommer, also in an Oscar, was placed second in 1 hr. 15 mins. 8.2 secs. Another French driver, Simon, driving in a Simca, was third in 1 hr. 15 mins. 35 secs.

The race was run before the Italian Grand Prix.—Reuter.

## SWISS GOLF

Crons, Switzerland, Sept. 3.

Alto Casera, of Italy, today won the Swiss Professional Golf Championship here with a 72-holes aggregate of 270. He had rounds of 69, 67 and 71.

Eric Brown, of Britain, was the runner-up with 279 and V. Grappasonni, of Italy, took third place with an aggregate of 282.—Reuter.

## THE GAMBOLS



## OF COURSE I SHALL NEED



## COULDN'T YOU ALTER



## HAVEN'T THEY GOT ONE A LITTLE



## BY Barry Appleby





# FOR YOUR SPARE MOMENTS

## JACOBY ON BRIDGE

Good Judgment Can Locate Hidden Ace

By OSWALD JACOBY

"PLEASE settle a question for us," writes a Minneapolis correspondent. "There is no question about how South should have played the hand to make his contract. The only question is whether South was the victim of bad luck or his own bad judgment."

"West opened the jack of hearts, dummy finessed the queen, and East won with the king. East returned a club, and South won with the ace. West dropped the deuce of clubs. South next led a trump, and East took the ace. East then returned the deuce of diamonds."

"At this point, South had to make the right play in diamonds in order to make his contract. He could afford to lose one, but only one diamond."

"After much deliberation, South put up the king of diamonds. He thought that West was more likely to be leading from the queen. His second point was that if he had only

▲K1063	26
♥AQ	
♦J5	
♣QJ1004	
(DEALER)	
▲A1092	27
♥K8754	
♦A1063	
♣QJ72	
▲QJ972	
♥K8	
♦KQ4	
♣AK6	
N-S vul.	
North	East
1♠	Pass
2♠	Pass
3♠	Pass
4♠	Pass
5♠	Pass
6♠	Pass
7♠	Pass
8♠	Pass
9♠	Pass
10♠	Pass
11♠	Pass
12♠	Pass
13♠	Pass
14♠	Pass
15♠	Pass
16♠	Pass
17♠	Pass
18♠	Pass
19♠	Pass
20♠	Pass
21♠	Pass
22♠	Pass
23♠	Pass
24♠	Pass
25♠	Pass
26♠	Pass
27♠	Pass
28♠	Pass
29♠	Pass
30♠	Pass
31♠	Pass
32♠	Pass
33♠	Pass
34♠	Pass
35♠	Pass
36♠	Pass
37♠	Pass
38♠	Pass
39♠	Pass
40♠	Pass
41♠	Pass
42♠	Pass
43♠	Pass
44♠	Pass
45♠	Pass
46♠	Pass
47♠	Pass
48♠	Pass
49♠	Pass
50♠	Pass
51♠	Pass
52♠	Pass
53♠	Pass
54♠	Pass
55♠	Pass
56♠	Pass
57♠	Pass
58♠	Pass
59♠	Pass
60♠	Pass
61♠	Pass
62♠	Pass
63♠	Pass
64♠	Pass
65♠	Pass
66♠	Pass
67♠	Pass
68♠	Pass
69♠	Pass
70♠	Pass
71♠	Pass
72♠	Pass
73♠	Pass
74♠	Pass
75♠	Pass
76♠	Pass
77♠	Pass
78♠	Pass
79♠	Pass
80♠	Pass
81♠	Pass
82♠	Pass
83♠	Pass
84♠	Pass
85♠	Pass
86♠	Pass
87♠	Pass
88♠	Pass
89♠	Pass
90♠	Pass
91♠	Pass
92♠	Pass
93♠	Pass
94♠	Pass
95♠	Pass
96♠	Pass
97♠	Pass
98♠	Pass
99♠	Pass
100♠	Pass

an even chance to guess right on the play, the play of the king (if successful) would give him an extra trick.

"When South's king of diamonds lost to the ace, a diamond return set the contract at once. South claims he had been confronted with an out-and-out guess. North claims that if South were a real bridge player he would have known who held the ace of diamonds. This was an easy statement for North to make, since he had been the dummy and had had the chance to look at the hands of the opponents."

"Should South, without being able to look at the hands of the opponents, have known which opponent held the ace of diamonds?"

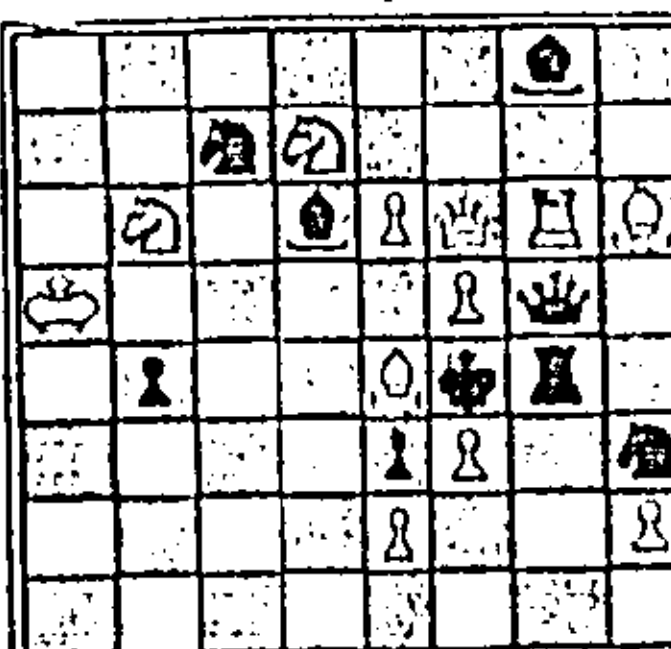
Yes. South should have known which opponent held the ace of diamonds—without peering at anybody's hand.

East had already shown up with the king of hearts and the ace of spades. If East also held the ace of diamonds, he surely would have taken some action over North's opening bid of one club. It might have been able to bid one diamond, he might have bid one heart or he might have doubled. However, he would not have passed. Since South knew that East had actually passed, he should have realized that East almost surely did not hold the ace of diamonds. With the ace of diamonds, thus located, in the West hand, South's only chance was to play low on the diamond led by East."

There was one other indication to add to this deduction from the bidding. After winning the first trick, East did not return a diamond but led a club. Instead, East was not an attractive hand and East would not have led the club if he had held anything better to lead. If East had held the ace of diamonds, for example, a diamond return would have seemed much more attractive to him than a club return. East's failure to return a diamond at the second trick was therefore an indication that he did not hold the ace of diamonds."

## CHESSE PROBLEM

By ARTHUR A. PAUL  
Black, 9 pieces.



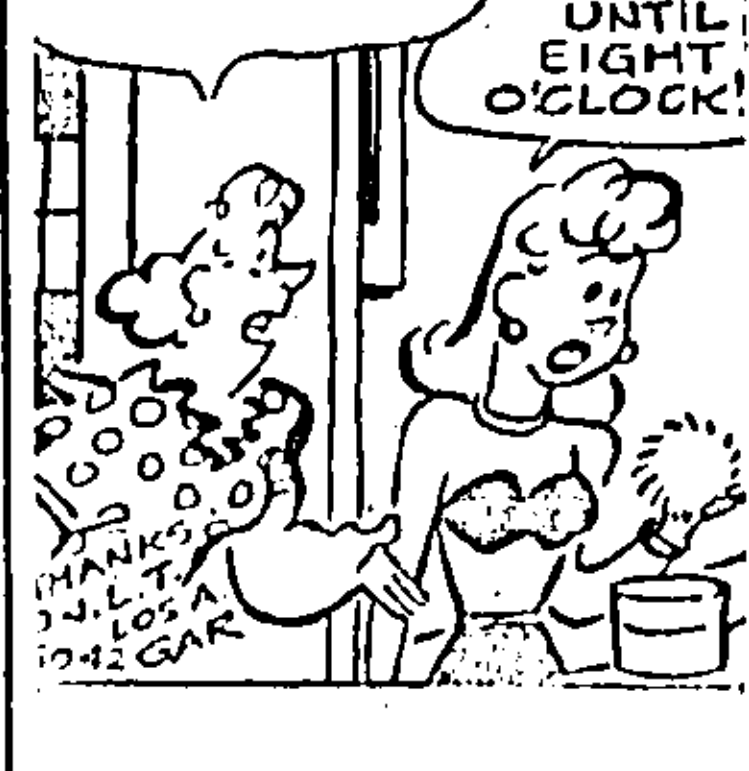
White, 12 pieces.  
White to play and mate in two.

Solution to Saturday's problem:

1. R-K5; threat 2. R-Q5 (ch).  
2. R-K5; 2. K-Q6; 3. R-B3; 2. B-K7 (ch).

## DUMB BELLS

ISN'T IT ABOUT TIME YOU WERE ENTERTAINING THE PROSPECT OF MATRIMONY?



NOT QUITE. MOTHER HE WOULD BE HERE UNTIL EIGHT O'CLOCK!

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 4

## YOUR BIRTHDAY

By STELLA

If you are born today, you are one of those versatile persons who can turn your hand to almost anything that comes up. Adapt at machine, you would make a good scientist or engineer, provided you were so trained in youth. You must first decide what it is you want most out of life and then go after it without deviating from your original plan.

The stars have given you much natural ability and your determination will see you through any normal crisis. When it comes to business matters, it probably would be well for you to lead your own, but take in a partner who can oversee the detail work which you dislike under your direction.

Your police and self-insurance will stand in well as an important asset for you, at all times. You are a sincere, loyal and kindly friend. Your year birthday star be your day will often make sacrifices to guide.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 5

VIRGO (Aug. 24-Sept. 22)—All business and professional affairs are highly stimulated. See that you get exactly what you want.

LIBRA (Sept. 23-Oct. 23)—Your own plans and efforts will work out as you wish them to this morning if you are efficient and industrious.

SCORPIO (Oct. 24-Nov. 22)—Business assets held in partnership with someone else are favored. Social and domestic plans go well.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 23-Dec. 22)—Merchandising is quite active. All buying and selling of products is highly favored.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 23-Jan. 20)—Advertise a new idea, develop it and you will see the anticipated good results about than you hoped.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21-Feb. 19)—All work and employment problems should be quickly solved this morning. You can take a chance!

PISCES (Feb. 20-Mar. 21)—Artistic professions are favored. Love and romance are in the air. They could be for you!

ARIES (Mar. 22-Apr. 20)—If you plan to attend a club gathering or a luncheon you should have an enjoyable time.

Taurus (Apr. 21-May 21)—Contribute toward your welfare by increasing your popularity. Personality can be made to pay dividends.

GEMINI (May 22-June 22)—Get an early start today on some project which is important to your future and success should be yours.

CANCER (June 23-July 23)—Take care of children's affairs, especially as it pertains to their education. Make school plans now.

LEO (July 24-Aug. 23)—A good, fresh start on some business project will pay excellent dividends. Get good results now.

## BY THE WAY

by Beachcomber

A SCIENTIST who collected a group of monkeys and removed half the brain from each of them, has announced that after the operation they were inferior to monkeys with whole brains.

The importance of this astounding discovery can hardly be grasped by the layman. It means that, while a monkey with a whole brain could, by trial and error, compose all Beethoven's symphonies in, say,

30,000,000 years, the monkey with half a brain would be hard put to it to write even "Paradise Lost" in the same number of years. At Tiverton an ant with only half a brain mistook a friend's egg for a football, and kicked it off the ant-hill.

Road safety

A MAGISTRATE remarked recently that it is never too early to develop in children a sense of civic responsibility. I mean he read about the child in California (a "Junior traffic patrolman, aged ten"), who fired an alarm at other children when they "dawdled across the street."

Ye olde seasaw

WHEN asked if they would consider introducing some slight novelty into their seasaw performance, the Persians crew suspiciously. Ashura said sarcastically, "Stereomine seasaw, perhaps, ho yes. Jot-perpelled seasaw. Baby bear heating on head of point like in Zoo." Kazulab said, "We have a relic from the days of pre-mechanics. We want no up-to-date vodgerilles." And Hizmatullah added, "We have a real spitterful for the fire-um booziness man at head of day's working, like moonkuk comedies, but no glass." And their determination, when they appeared that night in an hotel lounge, they stuck up a notice by the side of the plank which said: "Seasaw as was played by hour antiseptics. And add Persia becauf the fluids when men was happen and maning may which lived in kave and was kavever olrover with hares."

Why not make everything illegal?

A MAN was "accused of manufacturing biscuits" the other day, because he bought some and put a chocolate covering on them. I suppose anybody who puts a coat of paint on a motor-car can be accused of manufacturing motor-cars. As a matter of fact, anybody who does anything nowadays can be accused of doing both it and something else.

(London Express Service)

## POCKET CARTOON



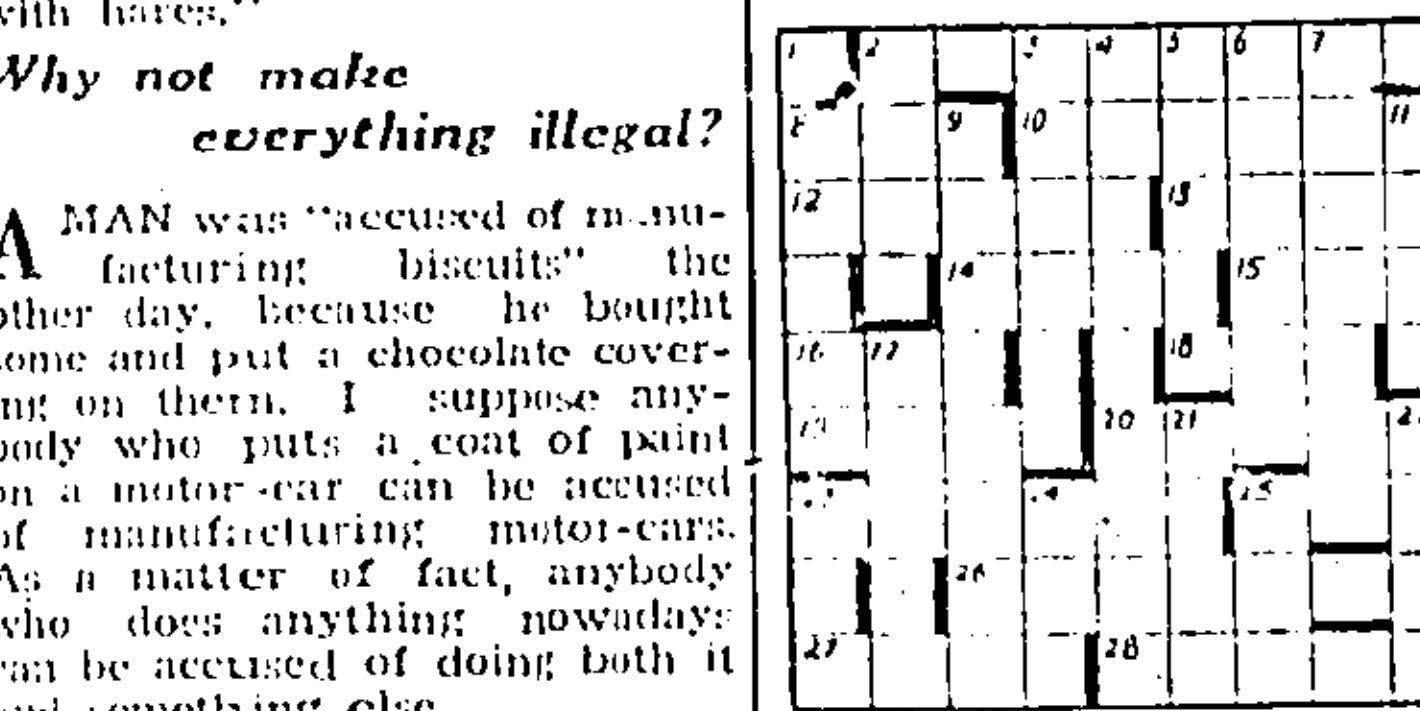
London Express Service.

## Check Your Knowledge

1. Name the largest body of the planetary system except the sun.
2. With what do you associate the name of Philias?
3. What is photophobia?
4. Name the most northern town in Europe.
5. What and where is the Rio de?
6. What do you mean by the term "inter alia"?

(Answers on Page 8)

## CROSSWORD



Across: 1. Any remaining you of an ice dancer (10). 2. This one carries a load (10). 3. The name of the machine, evidently (10). 4. Unusually not highly coloured (10). 5. Young upward returns to study (10). 6. Feature that suggests chess (10). 7. The archipelago (10). 8. Common household god (10). 9. By no means uncommon sight in the country (10). 10. Put in times (10). 11. A type of hat (10). 12. Anagram of P. August (10). 13. Check (10). 14. You might call them dials (10).

Down: 1. Outcome (10). 2. I am for a long-tailed monkey (10). 3. He's attached to a monkey's tail but not under its skin (10). 4. At school cricket-stands are (10). 5. Scene of confusion and noise (10). 6. Battle grounds (10). 7. If you ever let this youngster loose you'll have a chance for it (10). 8. Sings away in a hymn (10). 9. Doubted up (10). 10. Dyer (10). 11. Unusual temper (10). 12. One of the (10). 13. The case of the (10). 14. Prey for the (10). 15. Not well in the railway train (10).

(Solution on Page 8)

## INTELLIGENCE TEST

PREFECTS

By T. O. HARE

PAT was discussing her old school with Penny, who is the strength of that establishment. "I still recall the rules, which Pat," that there must be three prefects on duty on Saturdays. "I don't know," said Penny, "but I am sure to have seen one of them working out all the different selections of prefects. But old Penny had to choose from 10 prefects. I remember once writing them all out. 'That would be no mean task, monsigners.' 'The number of ways three prefects could be selected is 120 times what it was in your day. What are there ten times as many prefects? Surely not?' 'My poor Pat,' said Penny, 'maths was never your subject. Was it? The number of prefects doubled? How many prefects are there now?' 'I don't know,' said Penny, 'but I am sure to have seen one of them working out all the different selections of prefects. But old Penny had to choose from 10 prefects. I remember once writing them all out. 'That would be no mean task, monsigners.' 'The number of ways three prefects could be selected is 120 times what it was in your day. What are there ten times as many prefects? Surely not?' 'My poor Pat,' said Penny, 'maths was never your subject. Was it? The number of prefects doubled? How many prefects are there now?' 'I don't know,' said Penny, 'but I am sure to have seen one of them working out all the different selections of prefects. But old Penny had to choose from 10 prefects. I remember once writing them all out. 'That would be no mean task, monsigners.' 'The number of ways three prefects could be selected is 120 times what it was in your day. What are there ten times as many prefects? Surely not?' 'My poor Pat,' said Penny, 'maths was never your subject. Was it? The number of prefects doubled? How many prefects are there now?' 'I don't know,' said Penny, 'but I am sure to have seen one of them working out all the different selections of prefects. But old Penny had to choose from 10 prefects. I remember once writing them all out. 'That would be no mean task, monsigners.' 'The number of ways three prefects could be selected is 120 times what it was in your day. What are there ten times as many prefects? Surely not?' 'My poor Pat,' said Penny, 'maths was never your subject. Was it? The number of prefects doubled? How many prefects are there now?' 'I don't know,' said Penny, 'but I am sure to have seen one of them working out all the different selections of prefects. But old Penny had to choose from 10 prefects. I remember once writing them all out. 'That would be no mean task, monsigners.' 'The number of ways three prefects could be selected is 120 times what it was in your day. What are there ten times as many prefects? Surely not?' 'My poor Pat,' said Penny, 'maths was never your subject. Was it? The number of prefects doubled? How many prefects are there now?' 'I don't know,' said Penny, 'but I am sure to have seen one of them working out all the different selections of prefects. But old Penny had to choose from 10 prefects. I remember once writing them all out. 'That would be no mean task, monsigners.' 'The number of ways three prefects could be selected is 120 times what it was in your day. What are there ten times as many prefects? Surely not?' 'My poor Pat,' said Penny, 'maths was never your subject. Was it? The number of prefects doubled? How many prefects are there now?' 'I don't know,' said Penny, 'but I am sure to have seen one of them working out all the different selections of prefects. But old Penny had to choose from 10 prefects. I remember once writing them all out. 'That would be no mean task, monsigners.' 'The number of ways three prefects could be selected is 120 times what it was in your day. What are there ten times as many prefects? Surely not?' 'My poor Pat,' said Penny, 'maths was never your subject. Was it? The number of prefects doubled? How many prefects are there now?' 'I don't know,' said Penny, 'but I am sure to have seen one of them working out all the different selections of prefects. But old Penny had to choose from 10 prefects. I remember once writing them all out. 'That would be no mean task, monsigners.' 'The number of ways three prefects could be selected is 120 times what it was in your day. What are there ten times as many prefects? Surely not?' 'My poor Pat,' said Penny, 'maths was never your subject. Was it? The number of prefects doubled? How many prefects are there now?' 'I don't know,' said Penny, 'but I am sure to have seen one of them working out all the different selections of prefects. But old Penny had to choose from 10 prefects. I remember once writing them all out. 'That would be no mean task, monsigners.' 'The number of ways three prefects could be selected is 120 times what it was in your day. What are there ten times as many prefects? Surely not?' 'My poor Pat,' said Penny, 'maths was never your subject. Was it? The number of prefects doubled? How many prefects are there now?' 'I don't know,' said Penny, 'but I am sure to have seen one of them working out all the different selections of prefects. But old Penny had to choose from 10 prefects. I remember once writing them all out. 'That would be no mean task, monsigners.' 'The number of ways three prefects could be selected is 120 times what it was in your day. What are there ten times as many prefects? Surely not?' 'My poor Pat,' said Penny, 'maths was never your subject. Was it? The number of prefects doubled? How many prefects are there now?' 'I don't know,' said Penny, 'but I am sure to have seen one of them working out all the different selections of prefects. But old Penny had to choose from 10 prefects. I remember once writing them all out. 'That would be no mean task, monsigners.' 'The number of ways three prefects could be selected is 120 times what it was in your day. What are there ten times as many prefects? Surely not?' 'My poor Pat,' said Penny, 'maths was never your subject. Was it? The number of prefects doubled? How many prefects are there now?' 'I don't know,' said Penny, 'but I am sure to have seen one of them working out all the different selections of prefects. But old Penny had to choose from 10 prefects. I remember once writing them all out. 'That would be no mean task, monsigners.' 'The number of ways three prefects could be selected is 120 times what it was in your day. What are there ten times as many prefects? Surely not?' 'My poor Pat,' said Penny, 'maths was never your subject. Was it? The number of prefects doubled? How many prefects are there now?' 'I don't know,' said Penny, 'but I am sure to have seen one of them working out all the different selections of prefects. But old Penny had to choose from 10 prefects. I remember once writing them all out. 'That would be no mean task, monsigners.' 'The number of ways three prefects could be selected is 120 times what it was in your day. What are there ten times as many prefects? Surely not?' 'My poor Pat,' said Penny, 'maths was never your subject. Was it? The number of prefects doubled? How many prefects are there now?' 'I don't know,' said Penny, 'but I am sure to have seen one of them working out all the different selections of prefects. But old Penny had to choose from 10 prefects. I remember once writing them all out. 'That would be no mean task, monsigners.' 'The number of ways three prefects could be selected is 120 times what it was in your day. What are there ten times as many prefects? Surely not?' 'My poor Pat,' said Penny, 'maths was never your subject. Was it? The number of prefects doubled? How many prefects are there now?' 'I don't know,' said Penny, 'but I am sure to have seen one of them working out all the different selections of prefects. But old Penny had to choose from 10 prefects. I remember once writing them all out. 'That would be no mean task, monsigners.' 'The number of ways three prefects could be selected is 120 times what it was in your day. What are there ten times as many prefects? Surely not?' 'My poor Pat,' said Penny, 'maths was never your subject. Was it? The number of prefects doubled? How many prefects are there now?' 'I don't know,' said Penny, 'but I am sure to have seen one of them working out all the different selections of prefects. But old Penny had to choose from 10 prefects. I remember once writing them all out. 'That would be no mean task, monsigners.' 'The number of ways three prefects could be selected is 120 times what it was in your day. What are there ten times as many prefects? Surely not?' 'My poor Pat,' said Penny, 'maths was never your subject. Was it? The number of prefects doubled? How many prefects are there now?' 'I don't know,' said Penny, 'but I am sure to have seen one of them working out all the different selections of prefects. But old Penny had to choose from 10 prefects. I remember once writing them all out. 'That would be no mean task, monsigners.' 'The number of ways three prefects could be selected is 120 times what it was in your day. What are there ten times as many prefects? Surely not?' 'My poor Pat,' said Penny, 'maths was never your subject. Was it? The number of prefects doubled? How many prefects are there now?' 'I don't know,' said Penny, 'but I am sure to have seen one of them working out all the different selections of prefects. But old Penny had to choose from 10 prefects. I remember once writing them all out. 'That would be no mean task, monsigners.' 'The number of ways three prefects could be selected is 120 times what it was in your day. What are there ten times as many prefects? Surely not?' 'My poor Pat,' said Penny, 'maths was never your subject. Was it? The number of prefects doubled? How many prefects are there now?' 'I don't know,' said Penny, 'but I am sure to have seen one of them working out all the different selections of prefects. But old Penny had to choose from 10 prefects. I remember once writing them all out. 'That would be no mean task, monsigners.' 'The number of ways three prefects could be selected is 120 times what it was in your day. What are there ten times as many prefects? Surely not?' 'My poor Pat,' said Penny, 'maths was never your subject. Was it? The number of prefects doubled? How many prefects are there now?' 'I don't know,' said Penny, 'but I am sure to have seen one of them working out all the different selections of prefects. But old Penny had to choose from 10 prefects. I remember once writing them all out. 'That would be no mean task, monsigners.' 'The number of ways three prefects could be selected is 120 times what it was in your day. What are there ten times as many prefects? Surely not?' 'My poor Pat,' said Penny, 'maths was never your subject. Was it? The number of prefects doubled? How many prefects are there now?' 'I don't know,' said Penny, 'but I am sure to have seen one of them working out all the different selections of prefects. But old Penny had to choose from 10 prefects. I remember once writing them all out. 'That would be no mean task, monsigners.' 'The number of ways three prefects could be selected is 120 times what it was in your day. What are there ten times as many prefects? Surely not?' 'My poor Pat,' said Penny, 'maths was never your subject. Was it? The number of prefects doubled? How many prefects are there now?' 'I don't know,' said Penny, 'but I am sure to have seen one of them working out all the different selections of prefects. But old Penny had to choose from 10 prefects. I remember once writing them all out. 'That would be no mean task, monsigners.' 'The number of ways three prefects could be selected is 120 times what it was in your day. What are there ten times as many prefects? Surely not?' 'My poor Pat,' said Penny, 'maths was never your subject. Was it? The number of prefects doubled? How many prefects are there now?' 'I don't know,' said Penny, 'but I am sure to have seen one of them working out all the different selections of prefects. But old Penny had to choose from 10 prefects. I remember once writing them all out. 'That would be no mean task, monsigners.' 'The number of ways three prefects could be selected is 120 times what it was in your day. What are there ten times as many prefects? Surely not?' 'My poor Pat,' said Penny, 'maths was never your subject. Was it? The number of prefects doubled? How many prefects are there now?' 'I don't know,' said Penny, 'but I am sure to have seen one of them working out all the different selections of prefects. But old Penny had to choose from 10 prefects. I remember once writing them all out. 'That would be no mean task, monsigners.' 'The number of ways three prefects could be selected is 120 times what it was in your day. What are there ten times as many prefects? Surely not?' 'My poor Pat,' said Penny, 'maths was never your subject. Was it? The number of prefects doubled? How many prefects are there now?' 'I don't know,' said Penny, 'but I am sure to have seen one of them working out all the different selections of prefects. But old Penny had to choose from 10 prefects. I remember once writing them all out. 'That would be no mean task, monsigners.' 'The number of ways three prefects could be selected is 120 times what it was in your day. What are there ten times as many prefects? Surely not?' 'My poor Pat,' said Penny, 'maths was never your subject. Was it? The number of prefects doubled? How many prefects are there now?' 'I don't know,' said Penny, 'but I am sure to have seen one of them working out all the different selections of prefects. But old Penny had to choose from 10 prefects. I remember once writing them all out. 'That would be no mean task, monsigners.' 'The number of ways three prefects could be selected is 120 times what it was in your day. What are there ten times as many prefects? Surely not?' 'My poor Pat,' said Penny, 'maths was never your subject. Was it? The number of prefects doubled? How many prefects are there now?' 'I don't know,' said Penny, 'but I am sure to have seen one of them working out all the different selections of prefects. But old Penny had to choose from 10 prefects. I remember once writing them all out. 'That would be no mean task, monsigners.' 'The number of ways three prefects could be selected is 120 times what it was in your day. What are there ten times as many prefects? Surely not?' 'My poor Pat,' said Penny, 'maths was never your subject. Was it? The number of prefects doubled? How many prefects are there now?' 'I don't know,' said Penny, 'but I am sure to have seen one of them working out all the different selections of prefects. But old Penny had to choose from 10 prefects. I remember once writing them all out. 'That would be no mean task, monsigners.' 'The number of ways three prefects could be selected is 120 times what it was in your day. What are there ten times as many prefects? Surely not?' 'My poor Pat,' said Penny, 'maths was never your subject. Was it? The number of prefects doubled? How many prefects are there now?' 'I don't know,' said Penny, 'but I am sure to have seen one of them working out all the different selections of prefects. But old Penny had to choose from 10 prefects. I remember once writing them all out. 'That would be no mean task, monsigners.' 'The number of ways three prefects could be selected is 120 times what it was in your day. What are there ten times as many prefects? Surely not?' 'My poor Pat,' said Penny, 'maths was never your subject. Was it? The number of prefects doubled? How many prefects are there now?' 'I don't know,' said Penny, 'but I am sure to have seen one of them working out all the different selections of prefects. But old Penny had to choose from 10 prefects. I remember once writing them all out. 'That would be no mean task, monsigners.' 'The number of ways three prefects could be selected is 120 times what it was in your day. What are there ten times as many prefects? Surely not?' 'My poor Pat,' said Penny, 'maths was never your subject. Was it? The number of prefects doubled? How many prefects are there now?' 'I don't know,' said Penny, 'but I am sure to have seen one of them working out all the different selections of prefects. But old Penny had to choose from 10 prefects. I remember once writing them all out. 'That would be no mean task, monsigners.' 'The number of ways three prefects could be selected is 120 times what it was in your day. What are there ten times as many prefects? Surely not?' 'My poor Pat,' said Penny, 'maths was never your subject. Was it? The number of prefects doubled? How many prefects are there now?' 'I don't know,' said Penny, 'but I am sure to have seen one of them working out all the different selections of prefects. But old Penny had to choose from 10 prefects. I remember once writing them all out. 'That would be no mean task, monsigners.' 'The number of ways three prefects could be selected is 120 times what it was in your day. What are there ten times as many prefects? Surely not?' 'My poor Pat,' said Penny, 'maths was never your subject. Was it? The number of prefects doubled? How many prefects are there now?' 'I don't know,' said Penny, 'but I am sure to have seen one of them working out all the different selections of prefects. But old Penny had to choose from 10 prefects. I remember once writing them all out. 'That would be no mean task, monsigners.' 'The number of ways three prefects could be selected is 120 times what it was in your day. What are there ten times as many prefects? Surely not?' 'My poor Pat,' said Penny, 'maths was never your subject. Was it? The number of prefects doubled? How many prefects are there now?' 'I don't know,' said Penny, 'but I am sure to have seen one of them working out all the different selections of prefects. But old Penny had to choose from 10 prefects. I remember once writing them all out. 'That would be no mean task, monsigners.' 'The number of ways three prefects could be selected is 120 times what it was in your day. What are there ten times as many prefects? Surely not?' 'My poor Pat,' said Penny, 'maths was never your subject. Was it? The number of prefects doubled? How many prefects are there now?' 'I don't know,' said Penny, 'but I am sure to have seen one of them working out all the different selections of prefects. But old Penny had to choose from 10 prefects. I remember once writing them all out. 'That would be no mean task, monsigners.' 'The number of ways three prefects could be selected is 120 times what it was in your day. What are there ten times as many prefects? Surely not?' 'My poor Pat,' said Penny, 'maths was never your subject. Was it? The number of prefects doubled? How many prefects are there now?' 'I don't know,' said Penny, 'but I am sure to have seen one of them working out all the different selections of prefects. But old Penny had to choose from 10 prefects. I remember once writing them all out



# Cretan Romeo Hauled Off To Athens Gaol

Athens, Sept. 3.

A Trojan war was threatened again today when raven-haired Tassoula Petrakogeorgina was whisked away to another hiding place by her gaol'd lover's family, and her father vowed vengeance for her stained honour.

## East German Youths March In Rain

Berlin, Sept. 3. In drenching rain, thousands of German youths made long marches through East Berlin today to mark the anniversary of the outbreak of war between Britain and Germany—to demonstrate their "will for peace."

The men walked nine to 12 miles and the women eight to nine miles according to age. Many thousands more staged similar marches throughout the Eastern Zone.

They were concluding a "Youth Combat Week," also designed to express their support for the Communist-inspired National Front and for the single-list elections there on October 15.—Reuter.

## Protest By Cyprus Clergy

Nicosia, Cyprus, Sept. 3. Priests from all over Cyprus today read from their altars a protest against the Government's refusal to allow public meetings arranged for today on Enosis (union with Greece).

The meetings were to commemorate the refusal of the Secretary of State for the Colonies, Mr. James Griffiths, to see a Cyprus delegation in London.

Today's protest was read at the direction of the Greek Supreme Church Council in Cyprus, which organised an unofficial plebiscite in January showing an overwhelming vote in favour of union.

Headed by the Bishop of Kyrenia, the delegation left for the United States yesterday to continue their campaign and to arrive to place the issue before the United Nations General Assembly.—Reuter.

## U.S. Speeding Up Arms Aid In Indo-China

Washington, Sept. 3. The United States Government was reported today to be speeding up arms aid for Indo-China in the expectation of a new offensive by the Vietnamese regime.

Further shipments were on the way it was stated. Officials here said that reports from American and French sources indicated that Dr. Ho Chi-Minh, the Vietnamese leader, was getting ready to launch a "decisive" drive against the French and their allies.

By that time weather conditions are expected to have become favourable for a renewal of large-scale fighting in Indo-China.

According to information reaching the State Department and Defence Chiefs here, Dr. Ho Chi-Minh is being heavily reinforced from China.—Reuter.

Both here and in Crete members of the Petrakogeorgina and Kefaloghianis families charged each other with "foul play" and called on their followers to arm for battle.

Only yesterday the story of Tassoula had appeared to have a "happy ever after" ending. She flew here from Heraklion, Crete, with Costas Kefaloghianis, 35-year-old youth who kidnapped her in front of a Heraklion theatre and won her heart in a cave on Mount Ida. They were married in a Mount Ida monastery on Friday, and came here to receive the blessing of Archbishop Spyridon of Athens.

However, soon afterwards, Costas was hauled off to prison on a warrant issued by the Heraklion prosecutor, charging him with kidnapping and with carrying arms illegally. The Kefaloghianis family claimed that Tassoula's father, a Liberal deputy from Crete, was behind the arrest order.

Tassoula's father, George Petrakogeorgina, then demanded his daughter's return. He said: "She belongs in my home. I have not given my consent, and any marriage is illegal."

Under Cretan law, a girl under 21 may marry only with her parents' consent. Tassoula is 19. But the Kefaloghianis family, led by Lt-General Manolis Skokos, the judge in the case, took Tassoula to a secret hiding place in Athens and refused to say where she was.

General Skokos said: "Tassoula is now a member of our family. The Archbishop has approved her marriage."

WIDER CONFLICT

Archbishop Spyridon's secretary said earlier today that the Archbishop approved the wedding after Tassoula and Costas told him they loved each other. Petrakogeorgina and Skokos both said they would not yield without a fight.

Reports from Crete add tension between the families was so high that it appeared a vendetta was probable.

Costas' family, one of the wealthiest in Crete, is strongly royalist. Petrakogeorgina, a partisan leader during the war and also a wealthy, is a Liberal and opposed to the monarchy. He said the authorities feared most was that an outbreak between the families might evolve into a much wider conflict, but Tassoula and Costas, centre of the controversy, wanted no part of it.

"All they want is each other," said Skokos. "And they will have each other when Costas gets out of prison."—United Press.

## JOINT NAVAL, AIR GAMES

Oslo, Sept. 4. Joint Norwegian-Danish naval and air manoeuvres, the biggest since the war, take place this week off the south Norwegian coast.

These manoeuvres coincide with big Norwegian Air Force exercises in western and southern Norway, in which United States bomber squadrons from Germany will also take part.

The object of the exercise is to test the co-operation between the Norwegian and Danish naval and air force tactical commands, and the apparatus of command which is to have its headquarters in Oslo, with both Norwegian and Danish officers watching the exercise.—Reuter.

1771

THE SATURDAY EVENING POST

"He's the type that would be considered good-looking if he had money."

## Trouble Shooters



Sharpshooters of an archery club in Brighton help to check the rabbit pest during harvest time on a nearby farm. The youths keep bow and arrow ready and wait for a reaper to pass before aiming at scurrying rabbits which damage the crops. (Acme)

## CONDITIONAL TROOPS AID FOR EUROPE PROPOSED BY REPUBLICAN SENATOR

Washington, Sept. 3. Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, Jr., (Republican, Massachusetts) proposed today that the United States offer to send more troops to Western Europe on condition that the Atlantic Pact allies took realistic steps to increase their own armed forces.

## Mighty Hurricane Hits Antigua

Miami, Sept. 3. A "baby" hurricane with winds up to 75 miles an hour struck around Key West today and roared up the Gulf of Mexico toward the West Florida coast.

The Weather Bureau warned at 1 p.m. EDT that the storm centre probably would hit Fort Myers, 100 miles southeast of Tampa, this afternoon.

Meanwhile, a mighty tempest with furious 150-mph winds boiled up the Atlantic 250 miles north-east of San Juan, Puerto Rico. The Weather Bureau warned all ships in the area to get out of the path of this gigantic hurricane—the most powerful of the season.

The full force of this hurricane ripped the tiny British island of Antigua, 250 miles southeast of Puerto Rico for eight and a half hours early Friday morning, first reports from the island revealed today.

It made thousands homeless, caused more than \$1,000,000 damage and wiped out so many food supplies that the population faced a severe food shortage.—United Press.

THREE DROWNED

St John's, Antigua, Sept. 3. Three men died when a Trinidad ship was sunk in St John's Harbour yesterday during a hurricane, which was the worst for 60 years, and which has been devastating Antigua since Thursday.

Other small craft suffered severely. The streets of the port were partially flooded and widespread damage is reported from all over the island.

Full reports of the damage are not yet in and nothing has been heard from the island of Barbuda, some 40 miles to the north of Antigua, which is believed to have been in the path of the hurricane.—Reuter

Senator Lodge said in an interview that aid in troops should be placed on a proportionate basis. For example, one U.S. Army division for each 10 new divisions raised by the Western European powers.

Well-informed Senate sources think the administration may already be planning to lay such a programme before the Atlantic Pact Foreign Ministers' meeting in New York later this month. They said this may be one reason why President Truman, in his radio report to the nation on Friday night, raised the military mobilization goal to 3,000,000 men or higher.

30 DIVISIONS

Senator Lodge, leading Republican member of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, appealed for the raising of a United States army of at least 30 divisions to discourage aggression by Russia in Europe or in Asia.

"We have got permanent peace within our grasp," he said. "We should put up with a little inconvenience and sacrifice to avoid World War III. It would be well worth it."

Democratic Senator George D. Aiken, Georgia, leading member of the Foreign Relations Committee, said he also favoured strengthening United States forces on occupation duty in Western Germany. However, he, like Senator Lodge, attached a condition—that the Atlantic Pact allies agree to permit Western Germany to build up an army of its own.

ORDER LINE

Senator Lodge indicated that he believed any additional American troops sent to Europe should be stationed in Germany. "Our strength should be as far east in Europe as possible," he declared. "If we have to fight, it would be better to fight on the Elbe. I would be happier if there was an Oder River line."

Senator George said there must be a strong ground army of Western Germany "if the any chance of defeating aggressive Western powers expect to have a role in Europe.—United Press.

Jungle Crash: All Killed

Singapore, Sept. 3. A rescue party with Army aircraft today reached the Royal Air Force base which crashed in the Kelantan jungle in Malaya nine days ago and found all 11 passengers and crew had been killed instantly. The party had to fight off a guerrilla attack as it hacked its way through the dense jungle.—Reuter.

## VAST HEALTH PROBLEM IN INDIA

London, Sept. 3. India's health Minister, Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, said here today that only by collaborating in human understanding and friendship with other countries could world peace, "so vital for the progress of mankind," be maintained.

Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, who was broadcasting on the BBC on "Health and Human Nature in My Country," recalled a recent visit to India by Mr. Lester Pearson, the Canadian Secretary of State for external affairs. "I took him out to see an Indian village, discussed with him our problems and showed him how the great majority of our people live."

After his return to Canada, Mr. Pearson sent her a health film on village life, made in Canada.

"And I felt from what he wrote to me that, after seeing our problems at first hand, there was a man who had become a friend of our country, and who would always be understanding towards our difficulties."

On India's health problem, she said: "Slowly but surely, in spite of difficulties, we are progressing and improving conditions, and providing more trained medical personnel."

"But to an enthusiast like myself, the progress is devastatingly slow. Nevertheless, the lack of building for better health is fascinating, because of its blindness and its seeming impossibility of attainment."

Moslem Pilgrims

Casablanca, Sept. 3. Fifty-four Moslem pilgrims from all over Morocco left here for Mecca by air today.

They are expected to reach the Holy City after 17 hours' flight with two stops at Tunis and Tobruk.—Reuter.

## Good Reasons For Believing Russia Not Ready For War

Washington, Sept. 3. Senator H. Alexander Smith (Republican, New Jersey) said today that foreign military aid would cost the United States "at least \$6,000,000,000 a year for at least two or three years."

## Proposal To Intern Communists

Washington, Sept. 3. A group of United States Senators is studying the legal aspects of a proposal to set up internment camps for Communists in time of a national emergency, Senator Hartley Kilgore (Democrat, West Virginia), disclosed here.

Senator Kilgore advocated the idea as a substitute for a strongly supported plan for registration of Communists. He said registration would have "no real effect" in an emergency.

If the internment plan is worked out, he said, it would be brought up in connection with the Communist control legislation which the Senate starts debating on Tuesday.

The Senate will consider a sweeping anti-subversion bill sponsored by the Chairman of the Senate Judiciary Committee, Senator Pat McCarran (Democrat, Nevada).

It goes far beyond the proposals of President Truman. The Communist registration legislation is the core of a separate measure sponsored by another group of Senators, which Mr. McCarran inserted in his omnibus measure without change.

Under it, Communist and kindred political organisations, "defined on the basis of domination by a foreign government or the world Communist movement" would be required to register with the Attorney General.—Reuter.

## CARDIOLOGY CONGRESS

Paris, Sept. 3. The French Foreign Minister, M. Robert Schuman, and the Health Minister, M. Pierre Schenff, today opened the first world cardiology congress at the Sorbonne, attended by more than 1,000 heart specialists from 42 countries.

The congress will study physiology and pathology, graphic methods, anatomy, medical and surgical therapeutics, which includes dealing with "blue babies" and clinical methods.

Films of difficult surgical operations will be shown.—Reuter.

## Jets Collide In Mid-Air

Atlantic, Georgia, Sept. 3. Two F-84 Thunder jet fighter planes collided in mid-air at 20,000 feet today. One pilot was reported to have bailed out.—Reuter.

## NUMERIA

FULLY GUARANTEED

The small Calculating machine of unlimited possibilities.

BIG CAPACITY • EXACTNESS • LIGHT WEIGHT • EASILY OPERATED • SMALL VOLUME • PLEASING APPEARANCE

DAVIE, BOAG & Co., Ltd. CHUNG TIN BUILDING TEL 26862

He said the cost of rearming the North Atlantic Pact allies and other anti-Communist free nations would come on top of domestic defence spending of up to \$30,000,000,000 a year.

Senator Smith, a member of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, made the forecast in a radio interview. Congress is now preparing a bill on President Truman's post-Korean war request for \$4,000,000,000 in foreign arm aid in addition to the \$1,222,500,000 voted earlier.

Senator Smith made it plain his outlay was only the first instalment of a programme to build up the defence of Western Europe, Iran, the Philippines and other danger spots.

He said it was a dangerous delusion to think World War III was "inevitable." Armed conflict with Russia could be prevented if the free nations "became so strong and so united that the Kremlin will not dare to break the peace again," he said.

BASIS FOR HOPE

He said that, while it would "take some time" to arm the free nations, there was basis for hoping that the free nations would not be ready for war.

"There are pretty good reasons to believe that, in atomic weapons and in basic items like steel, they are still too far behind to dare to start a full-scale war," he added.

Senator Smith said the United Nations forces fighting in the North Korean invasion back to the 38th Parallel "within a few months" could not stop.

Communists stayed out of the fighting. "I stress that," he added. He emphasised, however, that even when the Korean Reds were driven back to their pre-war borders, the U.N. forces could not stop.

"Our objective in Korea must be liberation of the whole country and solid establishment of a unified, self-governing republic protected by the United Nations," he said.—United Press.

CHECK YOUR KNOWLEDGE

Answers

1. Jupiter. 2. Sculpture. Famous ancient Greek sculptor. 3. It is an abnormal intolerance of light. 4. Hammerhead, Norway. 5. It is a famous bridge which crosses the Grand Canal at Venice. 6. Among other things.

INTELLIGENCE TEST SOLUTION

If there were 100 perfect in Pat's day there are 200 perfect now. The number of perfect in which three perfect could be selected was in Pat's day (100-1)(99-1) and is now (200-1)(199-1) So (200-1)(199-1) = 100-1 when m=100. There were eight perfect in Pat's day and there are 30 perfect now. London Express Service

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

MAY BE BOOKED AT THE EVERGREEN STORE CORNER OF NATHAN AND JORDAN ROADS, KOWLOON.

COLUMBIA COPPERPLATE Drawing Pencils "HD" and "B" \$25 per gross, \$450 per dozen, 20 cents each. Obtainable at "S. C. M. Post."

ON SALE: "Vegetable Cultivation in Hongkong" by Dr. G. A. C. Harkness. Over 200 pages, 80 drawings. Price \$12. Obtainable at "S. C. M. Post."

THOSE MAGAZINES you wish to keep will look better and last longer neatly bound. We specialise in Bookbinding. "S. C. M. Post, Ltd."

PRINTING of every description including booklets, Reports, Balance Sheets, Articles of Association. Prompt service. Apply General Manager, "South China Morning Post, Ltd."

COLUMBIA COPPERPLATE Copying Pencils, Yellow, Blue, Brown, Black. 10 per gross, 20 cents each. 40 cents each. Obtainable at "S. C. M. Post."

FORD'S BRITISH BLOTTING PAPER. White, in sheets 17 1/2 x 22 1/2, 50 to any size, 20 cents per sheet. 100, 100, "S. C. M. Post."

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS

Advertisers are requested to send their notices not less than 24 hours prior to the day of publication should be given for all commercial display advertisements, change of copy etc. Notices and classified advertisements will be received up to 10 a.m. and urgent notices until 11 a.m. on day of issue. Saturday not later than 9.30 a.m.

Printed and published by WILLIAM ALICK GUNN for and on behalf of South China Morning Post Limited at 1-3 Wyndham Street, City of Victoria, in the Colony of Hongkong.

## The Hongkong Telegraph

Morning Post Building, Hongkong.

Published daily (afternoon). Price, 10 cents per edition. Subscription: \$250 per month.

Postage: China and Macao, \$1.50 per month. UK British Possessions and other countries, \$1.50 per month.

News contributions, always welcome, should be addressed to the Editor, business communications and advertisements to the Secretary.

Telephone: 26011 (5 lines).

CLASSIFIED

ADVERTISEMENTS

20 WORDS \$3.00

for 1 DAY PREPAID

ADDITIONAL INSERTIONS

\$1.50 PER DAY.

10 cents PER WORD OVER 20

Births, Deaths, Marriages. Personal \$5.00 per insertion not exceeding 20 words, 20 cents each additional word.

ALTERNATE INSERTIONS

10% EXTRA

IF NOT PREPAID A BOOKING FEE OF 50 cents IS CHARGED

Names and addresses should accompany Advertisements, not necessarily for publication, but to ensure that replies are received by the person for whom they are intended.

We will forward replies to the stated address if the advertiser desires.

All advertisers purporting to loan money must publish their names and addresses in the advertisements.

If the wants of advertisers are quickly met and they do not desire any further replies forwarded, we shall be glad to forward notices or reply that effect when a suitable acknowledgment will be inserted free of charge.

FOUND

TOBACCO POUCH outside Morning Post Building, Wyndham Street. Apply Secretary, "S. C. M. Post."

FOR SALE

YE OLDE MILL. A distinctive hand made stationery. 25 boxes, 50 sheets each. 50 envelopes. Post Free by. \$500 per box. Duke by. \$11.50 per box from "S. C. M. Post."

CHINA'S Ancient Script. An attractive stationery of distinction. In boxes of forty fly sheets and forty envelopes or single sheets and forty envelopes. \$0 per box. On sale at "South China Morning Post."

NEW EDITION. The "POST" Stationery incorporating amendments to the Local and Non-Local Stamp Sign Codes. Mounted \$3.00. Mounted \$4.00. Obtainable from "S. C. M. Post."

WEIGHTS AND MEASUREMENTS of Cargo exported from Hongkong and South China compiled by the Surveyors. \$15 from the "South China Morning Post."

ANIMAL Writing Pads. 8. Scribbling Pads, three sizes 25, 50 and \$1. "S. C. M. Post."

OFFICE STATIONERY. Letter Heads, Memorandum Forms, Visiting Cards, Envelopes etc. Orders now taken. "S. C. M. Post."

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

MAY BE BOOKED AT THE EVERGREEN STORE CORNER OF NATHAN AND JORDAN ROADS, KOWLOON.

COLUMBIA COPPERPLATE Drawing Pencils "HD" and "B" \$25 per gross, \$450 per dozen, 20 cents each. Obtainable at "S. C. M. Post."

ON SALE: "Vegetable Cultivation in Hongkong" by Dr. G. A. C. Harkness. Over 200 pages, 80 drawings. Price \$12. Obtainable at "S. C. M. Post."

THOSE MAGAZINES you wish to keep will look better and last longer neatly bound. We specialise in Bookbinding. "S. C. M. Post, Ltd."

PRINTING of every description including booklets, Reports, Balance Sheets, Articles of Association. Prompt service. Apply General Manager, "South China Morning Post, Ltd."

COLUMBIA COPPERPLATE Copying Pencils, Yellow, Blue, Brown, Black. 10 per gross, 20 cents each. 40 cents each. Obtainable at "S. C. M. Post."

FORD'S BRITISH BLOTTING PAPER. White, in sheets 17 1/2 x 22 1/2, 50 to any size, 20 cents per sheet. 100, 100, "S. C. M. Post."

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS

Advertisers are requested to send their notices not less than 24 hours prior to the day of publication should be given for all commercial display advertisements, change of copy etc. Notices and classified advertisements will be received up to 10 a.m. and urgent notices until 11 a.m. on day of issue. Saturday not later than 9.30 a.m.

Printed and published by WILLIAM ALICK GUNN for and on behalf of South China Morning Post Limited at 1-3 Wyndham Street, City of Victoria, in the Colony of Hongkong.